

The Same Phone Numbers  
in the New Plant  
6600—Olive or Central  
Phone Your Wants—Fill Your Needs

VOL. 70. NO. 1.

## DISTRICT DRAFT BOARD EXEMPTS ONLY 7 OUT OF 24

Other Applications, Some on Oc-  
cupational Grounds, Are  
Turned Down.

### FARMERS GET LEEWAY

Some Permitted to Go Until End  
of Year, or Until Crops  
Are Harvested.

The names of men examined yesterday in St. Louis in the national army draft will be found on page 6 of this edition of the Post-Dispatch.

The St. Louis District Appeal Board, 916 Boatmen's Bank Building, passed this morning on 24 claims for exemption from army service, on occupational or physical grounds, and rejected 17 of them. Exemptions were granted to two farmers, and temporary exemptions to one farmer and one industrial claimant.

All of the physical appeals were rejected, the board's policy being to uphold the findings of the physical examiners of the ward boards and send the men on into the National army, where they will have a new and rigid examination after being mobilized.

The board expected to have, by this evening, enough names certified by the ward boards to make up about 2188, or one-half of St. Louis' quota of 4277. The board believes the city will have completed its quota by Sept. 5, the day on which the first one-third of the quota must be ready for service.

When the board adjourned last night more than 1700 registrants ready to serve were on the books in addition to a large number who had failed to answer the summons from their ward chairmen and were thus automatically drafted into the army.

The Twentieth Ward this morning sent in a list of 100 certified names and the Sixteenth Ward its Appeal for Auguste Chouteau Falls.

The associates of Auguste Chouteau in the automobile and tire business, who are asking that he be exempted because of his business interests, asked today for more time to file affidavits, but the request was refused.

The farmers to whom occupational exemption was granted were Charles J. Parrot, who raises poultry at Oakville, St. Louis County, and Frank Litzinger, who cultivates 200 acres at St. Peters. Fred Brunkman, truck farmer, of 4334 Loughborough avenue, was exempted until March 1 next.

Benjamin Freeman of 5104 Gates avenue, manager of a heel factory, obtained exemption until Dec. 1. A two days' extension of time for filing affidavits was granted to W. S. Kammerer of 3656 Chouteau avenue, who is employed by a steel castek company.

Appeals from the decision of physical examiners were overruled in these cases: H. A. Geisler, 5229 Goodfellow avenue; F. J. Kaller, 5626 Kennerly avenue; Robert Grotsch, 4016 Forest Park boulevard, and R. A. Grossenheimer, 5243 Thrush avenue.

These Appeals are Refused.

Appeals on occupational grounds were overruled in these cases: W. J. Phelan, 8201 Minnesota avenue, with American Commissary Co.; W. A. Grieselbeck, 2915 Russell avenue, had secret formula for emulsion in dry plate establishment, but it developed that the foreman also knew it; Matfield Kroutz, 6042 Plymouth avenue, tool and die maker, Wagner Electric Co., no affidavit from company; M. Alexa, 1832 South Chestnut, coremaker, Wagner company; E. C. Bourgeois, 5973 A Minnesota avenue, secretary construction company; Arthur Stockstrom, 4906 Argyle avenue, stove; C. H. Shutt, 5249 Vernon statistician, and Carl Vick, 921 North Compton avenue, harness maker.

The board also granted its indorsement for passports to two men of draft age to leave the United States. Edward Teiber of 4200 St. Louis avenue, who wishes to go to British Guiana, in connection with the coffee business, and who will be permitted to stay four months; and A. S. Wayland of 3965 Botanical avenue, who is going to the City of Mexico. Teiber's order of call number is 1966 in the Twenty-seventh Ward, which is likely to get its quota from the first 480 men examined. Wayland was rejected by the Thirtieth Ward Board.

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# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 21, 1917—20 PAGES.

NIGHT  
EDITION

PRICE 1 St. Louis and Suburbs, One Cent  
Elsewhere, Two Cents.

### AUTO TAX DEPARTMENT OF STATE DEFINES A CHAUFFEUR

Operator of Delivery Truck, Service  
Car or Livery Machine  
Is Included.

James J. O'Connor, supervisor of the automobile tax department in the Secretary of State's office at Jefferson City, today sent to the police a letter in which he defines chauffeurs within the meaning of the word.

O'Connor's ruling is that any person who operates a delivery truck, a service car or a livery machine is a chauffeur, whether he is the owner of the car or an employee.

Heretofore many autologists have been excused from paying a chauffeur's license on the ground that they owned the service cars or trucks which they operated.

### SILVERWARE GIVEN TO HEIRS BY LOT, AS WILL DIRECTED

Drawing for Costly Rare Pieces  
Takes Place Before Probate  
Court at Belleville.

Old valuable silverware, owned by the late Mrs. Josephine Hecker, was apportioned among her heirs by lot in the Probate Court at Belleville as she had requested in her will.

Fred J. Wehrle, a Belleville jeweler, was called into court to divide the silver into five equal parts. The name of each was placed in a hat and as drawn out that beneficiary selected one lot.

Wehrle says some of the pieces are nearly 100 years old. Others are very rare and could not be duplicated.

### WILL FIX DRAFTED MEN'S TEETH

Deans of Dental Schools Authorized  
to Have Work Begun.

Telegrams received yesterday from Surgeon-General Gorgas authorized deans of the dental schools of St. Louis to begin repairing the teeth of drafted men and those to be called. The dean of each school will have charge of 10 dentists, commissioned as First Lieutenants, who will will the work.

H. Kennerly will be in charge at the Washington University Dental School, Twenty-ninth and Locust streets. At the St. Louis University School of Dentistry, 3564 Caroline street, Lieut. J. P. Harper will be in charge.

### FOUL BALL HITS TWO WOMEN

Strikes One on Head, Bounds Into  
Other's Face at Brown's Park.

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### WAR CONSCRIPTION OF WEALTH URGED BY LA FOLLETTE

#### Wisconsin Senator Declares Rich Should Bear Greatest Bur- den of Conflict.

#### TALKS OF A BREAD LINE

#### Suggests That Wage Earner Has All That He Can Bear in High Cost of Living.

#### 17 STUDENTS OF AVIATION REACH CAMP AT BELLEVILLE

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Con-  
scription of wealth to pay for the war  
was urged in the Senate today  
by Sen. Robert M. La Follette of Wisconsin,  
representing the minority plan of  
the Finance Committee for high  
rates in the war tax bill on war prof-  
its and incomes. He suggested in-  
creasing the \$2,000,000,000 bill to  
more than \$3,500,000,000 by such in-  
creases, with elimination of con-  
sumption taxes. He also urged that  
fewer bonds and more taxes be au-  
thorized.

The Wisconsin Senator declared  
governments were demanding war  
while their peoples were asking for  
peace and contended that 95 per cent of  
the men drafted were protesting.  
Large bond issues desired by wealth  
interests, he contended, inflate  
prices and increase the present high  
cost of living, which, he asserted, al-  
ready imposes a 50 to 100 per cent  
burden upon the masses. The  
Liberty loan, he said, was made pos-  
sible by an iron hand within a kid  
glove and persistent advertising  
methods.

Next Year's War Expense Higher.  
The pending bill, La Follette stated,  
provided for taxes 17 per cent of  
this year's war expense, while Great  
Britain imposes 26 per cent. Next  
year's war expenses, he predicted,  
may reach \$30,000,000,000 or \$40,  
000,000,000, and he urged that huge  
war profits and incomes of wealthy  
persons, by higher surtaxes, be made  
to bear the burden of the war.

Urging a larger proportion of  
taxes on the wealthier classes, he said:  
It is a part of the system of  
war that wealth has demanded  
the minimum of taxation and the  
maximum of loans, while the poorer  
classes have desired the maximum  
of taxation and the minimum of loans  
and this difference is accentuated  
now since war profits and excessive  
incomes are being forced by taxation  
to contribute some portion of the  
revenues which war makes it neces-  
sary to raise.

"Wealth has never yet sacrificed it-  
self on the altar of patriotism in any  
war. On the contrary, it has even  
shown itself eager to take advantage  
of the misfortunes which war always  
brings to the masses of the people.  
That is not true of every war we  
have had and it is certainly true of  
the present war."

"It may be argued that the poor  
equally with the rich will have the  
opportunity to purchase war bonds.  
It is small comfort to have the op-  
portunity to purchase bonds, if you  
have little or no money to invest in  
bonds. The late 'Liberty loan' is a  
good example of bonds sold to the  
poor or those of limited means.

Says Rich Will Get Bonds.

"We all know that these bonds  
were a poor investment to the man  
of small means in comparison with the  
advantages which the owners of  
large incomes could secure from  
investing millions of their taxable  
incomes in these non-taxable bonds.  
The result is that these bonds will  
soon find their way wholly into the  
hands of the wealthy. This is not all.  
Faying for a war mainly by selling  
bonds inevitably forces inflation.

"We are counseled by the highest  
economic authority, we are admon-  
ished by all history, we are com-  
manded by every consideration of  
justice to the American boys who  
are marked for slaughter, to the  
American homes already in  
the war.

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### BURGLAR ESCAPES WITH GEMS VALUED BY OWNER AT \$1000

#### Thief Jumps Out of Second-Story Window When Mrs. William Pickel Screams.

Mrs. William Pickel of 3722 Delmar  
boulevard was awakened at 2 o'clock this morning by a burglar  
stumbling over a chair in her room.  
She switched on a light and screamed.  
The burglar jumped from a back window on the second floor  
and escaped with a pair of diamond earrings, val-  
ued by Mrs. Pickel at \$1000, was taken  
from a jewel case in her room. Her son, Fred, missed \$8 and a gold  
watch from his trousers and Mrs. Pickel's husband could not even find his trousers. Later they were picked up in the alley where the burglar had tossed them in his flight. About \$2 change was missing from a  
pocket.

Operator With 20 Years' Ex-  
perience Asserts \$1.90 at Mine  
Is Fair Price.

### HOUSEHOLDERS SUFFER

#### Company President Says Small Consumer Is Made to Yield the Big Profits.

F. W. Kleine, coal operator of 20  
years' experience, and president of the  
recently organized St. Clair Coal  
Mining Co., testifying before Special  
Supreme Court Commissioner Lilly  
at the State coal inquiry at the Plan-  
tation Hotel today, said his company  
recently made a contract to furnish  
good standard coal to the City of St.  
Louis at \$1.90 a ton at the mine and  
that it would make a good profit at  
that price.

Other witnesses had told how coal  
dealers and operators had tried to  
hold up St. Louis by doubling and  
trebling last year's prices.

Kleine, who also is a stockholder in  
the Breeze-Trenton Coal and Min-  
ing Co., said the St. Clair company was  
formed for the special purpose of  
selling coal to the city.

55 Cents a Ton Profit.

"The coal which we will furnish to  
St. Louis at \$1.90 a ton may cost us  
as high as \$1.35 a ton to mine and we  
will still make a good profit," he  
said. "The cost will include interest on  
our \$200,000 investment in the  
business."

"The price of \$2.75 a ton to the city  
is to deal with and of \$3.50 a ton to  
domestic consumers, which has been  
mandated by the operators," he said.

"There is no reason why Carter-  
ville coal should be sold at \$6 a ton.  
I know all the conditions in the  
coal business and when I agreed to take  
\$1.90 a ton from the city, I had no  
fear that I would not make a good  
profit."

57 Cents a Ton Is Fair.

Kleine said the Mount Olive and  
Staunton Coal Co., which is operating at  
practically the same cost as his company  
and has no special difficulties to  
contend with in mining its output.

"Fifty to 75 cents a ton is a fair profit," he said, "and last year many  
operators were glad to get 10 to 15  
cents a ton profit. Those who are now  
making a profit of about \$2.75 a ton are making  
a profit of about \$1.30 a ton."

G. H. Donneway, formerly of the  
Kernes Donneway Coal Co., testified  
that a mine owned by that company  
was sold to the McKinley interurban  
system in 1907. He was not questioned further.

Corporal Harold Willis of Boston,  
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tacks the French were driven back almost everywhere.

**British Official.**

LONDON, Aug. 21.—The Germans this morning made a third attempt to re-capture positions near Ephe, recently taken by the British. The War Office announced that they were repulsed completely.

The official communication of last night said:

"Yesterday hostile aircraft worked in large formations well behind their own lines and endeavored unsuccessfully to hinder the work of our bombing, photographic and reconnaissance machines. Our bombing operations were continued. An enemy's train was wrecked and much damage was caused to hostile aerodromes, dumps and stations. This work, in co-operation with our artillery, was carried out with good effect and many photographs were taken. In air fighting two German airplanes were downed, four others were driven out of control and one other was shot down inside our lines by anti-aircraft guns. Six of our machines are missing."

**Italian Official.**

ROME, Aug. 21.—The Italians, in their offensive on the Isonzo, had taken 10,000 prisoners up to last evening, the War Office announced today.

The battle on the Isonzo front continues without interruption. The War Office states that the Austrian line is beginning to bend and give way at various points.

The Italians, supported by floating and fixed batteries and mortars, are securing success, which the statement says, is becoming delineated in spite of undiminished enemy resistance.

Enemy defenses between Cortile and Selo, near the strongly fortified Staroliko position, have been captured by the Italians.

Yesterday's statement telling of the beginning of the battle said:

"A battle is proceeding on the Julian Alps front. Yesterday morning, after bombardment of 24 hours, during which our artillery shelled the enemy positions with ever-increasing intensity, masses of our infantry commenced the advance toward their objectives. To the north of Izhak (seven and one-half miles north of Goriča), after having brilliantly overcome technical difficulties and the resistance of the enemy, numerous pontoons were thrown across the Isonzo and our troops passed over to the left bank of the river."

"From Plava to the sea, after having crossed the first line of the enemy, which had been destroyed completely, our troops brought pressure to bear upon him. Resisting strongly and being supported by considerable artillery and a large number of machine guns, the enemy offered desperate resistance.

"Altogether, 208 airplanes independently participated in the battle, attacking rapidly with bombs and machine guns the troops assembled to the rear of the enemy's positions. The infantry action vigorously continues, while the artillery is proceeding energetically with its work of destruction.

Officers in Dark Blue.

The enemy's losses are very serious. The body reported up to the present is very considerable. Some guns and a large number of machine guns are in our hands. Up to last evening more than 7500 men and about 100 officers passed into our collecting stations."

**Another Raid in Belgium.**

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Another of the series of aerial raids over Belgium was carried out Sunday night. The following report was made today by the Admiralty: "At about midnight Aug. 19-20, the Royal Naval Air Service dropped many tons of bombs on the Middlebrough dump and the Bruges works. All the machines returned safely."

**Russian Official.**

PETROGRAD, Aug. 21.—The official statement issued yesterday said:

"Romanian front.—The enemy yesterday made persistent attacks in the direction of Oca and Oca. In the morning the enemy attacked the Romanians in the region of the River Sian. Toward evening and uninterrupted battle succeeded in occupying a portion of the Romanian trenches pushing back the Romanian troops to the southwestern outskirts of Oca. In the morning the enemy also made a stubborn attack in the region of Grasztch and the factory of Stukerka. In the course of the day he forced his way into the factory. An engagement is in progress."

"In the direction of Fokshani yesterday morning, the Germans after artillery preparation, undertook an offensive on both sides of the Fokshani-Audj railway. By midday they succeeded in occupying our first line trenches west of the railway, but a counter attack drove them out and the position was restored. East of the railway the Romanians under strong enemy pressure were compelled to retreat to the southern approaches of the village of Marashenac. In the region of Marashenac, the 'Caucasian front' in the south, our troops advanced and occupied a series of villages on the Agred-Mount Limos-Vagadik-memian front. In the direction of Feudjion our scouts advancing toward Kerkar captured prisoners and arms."

**German Official.**

BERLIN, via London, Aug. 21.—The battle before Verdun has not yet ended, the general headquarters staff and the troops have been engaged in fresh engagements developed at various points. The statement adds: "Our troops and leaders anticipate a favorable conclusion of the battle."

**Draft Act Attacked in Georgia.**

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 21.—Several hundred citizens attended an anti-draft meeting at Decatur, Ga., yesterday and adopted resolutions commanding members of Congress who voted against the conscription act and defeated a motion to instruct delegates to State anti-draft convention to endorse the conscription law.

## Negro Knights of Pythias Holding Convention Here

2,000 Are in Uniform; 10,000 Visitors and Delegates Are Expected to Be in St. Louis Before Conclave Ends Saturday.

Thousands of negroes from all parts of the United States are in St. Louis for the nineteenth biennial convention of the Supreme Lodge of the Knights of Pythias, the encampment of the Uniform Rank of the Knights, and the conclave of the Supreme Court of the Order of Calanthe, the women's order of the Knights, which is being held simultaneously.

These conventions are to continue until Saturday and it is estimated by the negro leaders that more than 10,000 of their race from outside of St. Louis will come here during the week either as delegates or visitors.

Among these will be many of the leaders in negro thought, education and business enterprise. At the same time some women who are known as the belles and social leaders of the race will have ample opportunity to charm and impress one another at the numerous balls, receptions and other affairs incidental to the real work of the conventions.

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**Brilliant Decorations.**

The opening reception was held last night at the Central Baptist Church, Ewing and Washington avenues. An address of welcome was made by William T. Findly, representing Mayor Kiel, and the response was by Roseve Conkling Simmons, noted negro orator. Simmons called attention to the patriotism of the negroes in their willingness to serve their country in this war.

Brilliant decorations of homes, store fronts and street marks the neighborhood surrounding the Pythian Temple at #127 Pine street, where the convention headquarters are. From every house on Pine street for several blocks both sides of the temple hang the Pythian colors, red, yellow and blue, surrounded in nearly every case by a Pythian banner bearing the insignia of "K. of P." Wherever these colors appear the American flag also is displayed.

The official badge is a bronze medal surmounted by a spiraled braid, with plenty of ribbon in the knight's colors. The delegates upon receiving it may pay \$1.00 for these badges, but one man who wanted to know what the money went for had it explained to him that it was saving his money.

"You see," the registering clerk explained, "when you wear this badge you don't have to pay to go anywhere. It admits you to the camp grounds, to the big ball, to the competitive drill, and everything." The delegate was satisfied. He paid his badge.

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"If that's the goat I've got to ride when I join the Pythians I don't want to be a Knight." Several of his neighbors heard the same view.

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**One of the most gorgeously decorated streets is Compton avenue, from Pine street to Market street, where the tents of the uniformed knights are pitched on the Ranken tract. There are said to be 2000 of these militarily outfitted negroes in the big camp which extends from the Compton avenue viaduct for a distance equal to two blocks west. Little white tents are pitched in long orderly rows and throughout the grounds own khaki uniformed negroes, for the most part big, strong straight-standing young men.**

**Officers in Dark Blue.**

Some of the older ones are officers, wearing dark blue uniforms with yellow braid on the seams and with sabers hanging at their sides. Wherever these officers go are saluted and return salutes in regular military fashion. Guards are stationed at the various entrances to the camp, which is enclosed by a high canvas fence. These are armed with sabers which clank in their scabbards as the knights pace back and forth.

Ten cents is charged visitors who wish to enter the camp. This, it is explained, is to help pay the expenses of the encampment. The chief attraction for visitors is the camp, which is enclosed by a high canvas fence. These are armed with sabers which clank in their scabbards as the knights pace back and forth.

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**WHAT HAPPENED?**

Left her purse on the counter. An umbrella on the street car. Dropped a brooch in church. Left fur on back of seat in theater. Dropped a key on the street. Bob fell off of his watch chain.

All advertised through Post-Dispatch Lost and Found Want and Recovered.

"With an unbounding enthusiasm

## GERMAN CATHOLICS DIVIDED ON PLAN TO CHANGE NAME

Central Verein, in Convention Here, Will Pledge Loyalty to America.

**WOULD REMOVE "GERMAN"**

President of Religious Organization Favors Elimination of Teutonic Title.

Delegates to the national convention of the German Roman Catholic Central Verein, at St. Francis de Sales School Hall, Iowa avenue and Sidney street, today predicted resolutions would be passed, at the afternoon session, declaring the loyalty of the members to the United States Government. They said, however, that they believed a motion to remove the name "German" from the name of the organization would be proposed, and probably defeated, if it is.

Joseph Frey of New York, president of the Central Verein, is known to favor the elimination of the word "German" from the name, and has been quoted as saying, "We are Germans, but we are Americans."

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ADE FOR  
TIVE DRAFT  
TICS' ARRESTGERARD DESCRIBES  
GOVERNMENTAL PLAN  
OF GERMAN EMPIRE

Prussia Is the Dominating State and of the Three Considerable Parties in the Reichstag, the Socialists Are the Most Active and Aggressive, While the Catholics Hold the Balance of Power--High Germans Told Him Conquered Poland Would Not Be Annexed Because Autocracy Feared to Increase Catholic Power.

*This is the sixteenth chapter of "My Four Years in Germany," in which the American diplomat recounts his experiences at the Court of Berlin.*

BY JAMES W. GERARD

American Ambassador to the German Imperial Court, July 28, 1913, to February 4, 1917.

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It is characteristic of our deep ignorance of all foreign affairs that I was appointed Ambassador to a place which does not exist. Politically, there is no such place as "Germany." There are the 25 states, Prussia, Bavaria, Wurttemberg, Saxony, etc., which make up the "German empire," but there is no such political entity as "Germany."

Those 25 states have votes in the Bundesrat, body which may be said to correspond remotely to our United States Senate. But each state has a different number of votes. Prussia has 17, Bavaria six, Wurttemberg and Saxony four each, Baden and Hess three each, Mecklenburg-Schwerin and Brunswick two each and the rest one each. Prussia controls Brunswick.

**Reichstag. Nothing but a Debating Society.**

The Reichstag or Imperial Parliament corresponds to our House of Representatives. The members are elected by manhood suffrage of those over 25. But in practice the Reichstag is nothing but a debating society because of the preponderating power of the Bundesrat or upper chamber. At the head of the ministry is the Chancellor, appointed by the Emperor; and the other Ministers, such as colonies, interior, education, justice and foreign affairs, are but underlings of the Chancellor and appointed by him. The Chancellor is not responsible to the Reichstag, as Bethmann-Hollweg clearly stated at the time of the Zabern affair, but only to the Emperor.

It is true that an innovation properly belonging only to a parliamentary Government was introduced some seven years ago, viz., that the Ministers must answer questions (as in England) put them by the members of the Reichstag. But there the likeness to a parliamentary Government begins and ends.

The members of the Bundesrat are named by the Princes of the 25 states making up the German Empire. Prussia, which has 17 votes, may name 17 members of the Bundesrat, or one member, who, however, when he votes casts 17 votes. The votes of a state must always be cast as a unit. In the usual procedure, bills are prepared and adopted in the Bundesrat and then sent to the Reichstag; if passed, they then return to the Bundesrat, where the final approval must take place. Therefore, in practice, the Bundesrat make the laws with the assent of the Reichstag. The members of the Bundesrat have the right to appear and make speeches in the Reichstag.

The fundamental Constitution of the German Empire is not changed, as with us, by a separate body, but is changed in the same way that an ordinary law is passed; except that if there are 14 votes against the proposed change in the Bundesrat the proposition is defeated, and further, the Constitution cannot be changed with respect to rights expressly granted by it to any one of the 25 states without the assent of the state.

In order to pass a law a majority vote in the Bundesrat and Reichstag is sufficient if there is a quorum present, and a quorum is a majority of the members elected in the Reichstag, and in the Bundesrat the quorum consists of such members as are present at a regularly called meeting, providing the Chancellor or the Vice Chancellor attends.

**Reichstag Does Not Represent German People.**

The boundaries of the districts sending members to the Reichstag have not been changed since 1872, while, in the meantime, a great shifting of population as well as great increase of population has taken place. And because of this the Reichstag today does not represent the people of Germany in the sense intended by the framers of the imperial Constitution.

Much of the legislation that affects the everyday life of a German emanates from the Parliaments of Prussia, Bavaria and Saxony, etc., as with us in our State Legislatures.

The purely legislative power of the Minister and Bundesrat is, however, large. These German states have constitutions of some sort. The Grand Duchies of Mecklenburg have no constitution whatever. It is understood that the people themselves do not want one, on financial grounds, fearing that many expenses now borne by the Grand Duke out of his large private income would be saddled on the people.

The other states have constitutions varying in form. In Prussia there is a House of Lords and a House of Deputies. The members of the latter are elected by a system of circle votes by which the vote of one rich man voting in circle number one counts as much as thousands voting in circle number three. It is the recognition by Bethmann-Hollweg that this vicious system must be changed which brought down on him the wrath of the Prussian country squires, who for a long time have ruled the German empire, filing places civil and military with their children and relatives.

The German Military Influence.

In considering Germany, the immense influence of the military party must not be left out of account, and, with the development of the navy, that branch of the service also claimed a share in guiding the policy of the Government.

The administrative, executive and judicial officers of Prussia are not elected. The country is governed and judged by men who enter this branch of the Government service exactly as others the army or navy. These are gradually promoted through the various grades. This applies to Judges, Clerks, Courts, District Attorneys and the officials who govern the political divisions of Prussia, for Prussia is divided into districts, presidencies and provinces. For instance, a young man may enter the service as assistant to the clerk of some court. He may then become District Attorney in a small town, then clerk of a higher court, possibly attached to the

## The Eyes of the Army

Drawn by Louis Raemaekers  
The Famous Dutch Cartoonist.



(Copyright, 1917, by Louis Raemaekers)

Mr. Raemaekers is in the United States drawing a series of cartoons on present-day episodes of the great war. These timely cartoons appear exclusively in the Post-Dispatch in St. Louis.

## DRAFT CONSTITUTIONAL, FEDERAL JUDGE HOLDS

## FIRST STATE GUARDS ORDERED TO FORT SILL

Georgia Jurist Disposes of  
Claim That Thirteenth Amend-  
ment Is Violated.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—Judge Speer's decision in Georgia yesterday in the first case brought to test the selective draft law, has been made public by the Department of Justice.

Any question as to the act's constitutionality, officials believe, is definitely disposed of by a Supreme Court decision cited by the Georgia Judge.

It was in the case of the United States versus Tarble, and the Court said:

"Among the powers assigned to the national Government is the power to raise and support armies and to make rules for their discipline and control over the subject is plenary and exclusive. It can determine without questions from any state authority how the army shall be raised, whether by voluntary enlistment or forced draft, the age at which the soldiers shall be received and the period for which they shall be taken; the compensation he shall be allowed and the service to which he shall be assigned."

Judge Speer held that soldiers were not slaves and that therefore the contention that the law was in contravention of the thirteenth constitutional amendment against involuntary servitude was empty. A plea by the common law that he held worthless because the common law cannot prevail against an act of Congress.

As to a contention that in drafting state troops into the Federal service the constitutional limitation upon the use of the militia had been violated, the Court held that enlisting of citizens in state troops could not deprive the Federal Government of its right to summon every citizen to the colors.

A certain number of German pastors and Bishops refused to subscribe to the new dogma. In the conflict that ensued these pastors and Bishops were backed by the Government, while the religious orders suppressed, civil marriage made compulsory and the State assumed new powers not only in the appointment but even in the education of the Catholic priests. The Jesuits were expelled from Germany in 1872. These measures, generally known as the May laws, because passed in May, 1873, 1874 and 1875, led to the creation and strengthening of the Centrum or Catholic party. For a long period many churches were vacant in Prussia. Finally, owing to the growth of the Centrum, Bismarck, though appealed to by Catholics, took no interest in the defense of the papacy. The conflict between the Roman Catholics and the Government in Germany was precipitated by the promulgation by the Vatican Council in 1870 of the dogma of the infallibility of the Pope.

Roughly speaking, there are three great political divisions or parties in the German Reichstag. To the right of the presiding officer sit the Conservatives. Most of these are members from the Prussian Junker or gentry class. They are strong for the rights of the Crown and against any extension of the franchise.

Prussia or anywhere else. They form probably the most important body of Conservatives now existing in any country in the world.

Their leader, named Heydebrand, is known as the uncrowned King of Prussia.

On the left side the Social Democratic sit. As they evidently oppose the kingship and favor a republic no social democratic member has ever been called into the Government. They represent the great industrial population of Germany. Roughly, they constitute about one-third of the Reichstag and would sit there in greater numbers if Germany were again redistricted so that proper representation were given to the national Liberal party.

In addition to these three great parties, there are minor parties and groups which sometimes act with one party and sometimes with another, the national Liberals, for example, and the Progressives. Since the war certain members of the national Liberal party were most bitter in assailing President Wilson and the

United States. In the demand for ruthless submarine war they acted with the Conservatives. There are also Polish, Hungarian, Danish and Alsatian members of the Reichstag. To be continued in the Post-Dispatch tomorrow.

New York Man Accepted Into Army  
Despite Defects.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Of six fingers on each hand and two toes on each foot, the man of greater size to Uncle Sam the extraordinary man's extremities, Andi Sabatini, 25 years old, of Oneonta, N. Y., should be of service to the army. He has just enlisted in the infantry branch of the regular army and has been sent to Fort Slocum, N. Y., for training.

## ST. LOUIS BUREAU IN CAPITAL URGED FOR WAR ORDERS

Effort to Get More of Government Business for This City Proposed.

### TIMIDITY IS CONDEMNED

Head of Wagner Company, Which Has Executed Big Contracts, Discusses Situation.

St. Louis manufacturers, who are engaged with war orders approximating \$14,000,000, are considering the establishment of a bureau at Washington to obtain war contracts to make munitions and supplies for the army and navy, and also to co-operate with the Government by bringing bidders from the Mississippi Valley in touch with the war supplies departments.

This information came to the Post-Dispatch from an authentic source and was confirmed today by W. A. Layman, president of the Wagner Electric and chairman of the St. Louis Advisory Committee on Purchases of army supplies.

Layman first suggested the plan to the executive committee of the Chamber of Commerce. The matter is in the hands of Paul V. Bunn, general manager of the Chamber of Commerce, who is conferring with manufacturers in regard to the feasibility of the plan.

Lack of Capacity Cited.

Layman explained that on a recent trip to Washington he noticed that the Government was having great trouble inducing manufacturers to bid on some necessities for the army and navy. This condition, Layman pointed out, is caused by lack of facilities in many large plants for the manufacture of army supplies in the huge quantities demanded by the Government. Large quantities of timber in the form of some manufacturers to undertake large contracts for intensive production as a side issue to their regular business.

St. Louis ought to have more of this character of work and the industries here, Layman declared, are fully capable of successfully meeting the contingency, particularly should they co-ordinate their resources, facilities and systems in the interest of intensive production.

He added that such a bureau in Washington, maintained by St. Louis manufacturers, and with a capable man in charge, would subserve the interests of the city when bids on contracts are set out, and, incidentally, would operate as an intelligence bureau for St. Louis manufacturers who should keep in close touch with the Government, as a patriotic duty as well as a business proposition.

Layman informed the Chamber of Commerce, committee that such a bureau would help the War Department, as a convenience, in its preparation for the national army; would be instrumental in diverting a great deal of new business to the Mississippi Valley and would enhance the prestige of this city as a great manufacturing center.

John Labor Recommended.

Where one concern could not handle a big contract alone, it could join with others, Layman pointed out, and was not required to register. Records of his statements as to his age, made in connection with a bank deposit and in getting his marriage license, were furnished by his wife in support of her charge that he was not more than 30.

He showed that when he registered for the presidential election, Sept. 19, last, he gave his age as 31.

\$1 a Hundred for Picking Cotton.

SHREVEPORT, La., Aug. 21.—North Louisiana farmers are paying \$1 per 100 pounds for cotton picking. Formerly 50 cents per 100 was the average price paid cotton pickers.

New Hay Brings \$19 a Ton.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 21.—The first car of new hay of the season sold here at \$19 a ton. The hay was good, timely, shipped from York County, Pa.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

FOREST PARK K. R. O. R.

strom-Carter, Vols. 5th year, Junior College, Freshman and Sophomore, \$100; to Seniors, \$125. Chicago, Washington and San Fran. Expenses, \$100. Tuition, \$100. Music, Anna S. Calfee, COLLEGE

DAY SCHOOL, \$75.00 Per Year.

Small Classes Given. Individual Attention.

Board, Tuition, Laundry, \$100. \$200 per yr. MEMBER ASSN. AMERICAN COLLEGES

Find enlarged opportunities—urgent calls to new and promising fields.

We make a specialty of supplying the training which enables ambitious women to enter, and hold, positions of work which have hitherto been practically monopolized by men.

Our training can be taken while you do your present work. Our

We offer courses in PROFESSIONAL LAW (LL. B.), AC-

COUNTANCY (C. P. A.), SALESMANSHIP, Academic Studies

and Extension Work. Select one course and specialize. You can make our training pay!

Come in, and talk it over; or call us at any time.

CITY COLLEGE OF LAW AND FINANCE

Mid-City Bldg., Grand and Olive St.

Downtown Office, 1011 Chemical Bldg.

Phones: College, Lindell 2421. Downtown Office, Olive 5818.

ST. LOUIS UNIVERSITY FOUNDED 1818

Course leads to degree of D. D. S. (Doctor of Dental Surgery). Special attention given to Clinical practice. Laboratory equipment unsurpassed.

Students ready for private practice upon graduation.

Find enlarged opportunities—urgent calls to new and promising fields.

We make a specialty of supplying the training which enables ambitious women to enter, and hold, positions of work which have hitherto been practically monopolized by men.

Our training can be taken while you do your present work. Our

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**TWO MEN IN AN AUTO HOLD UP FOUR PLACES**  
Two Saloons, a Drug Store and an Auto Filling Station Among the Losers  
Two men in an automobile held up two saloons, a drug store and an oil filling station last night.  
William Cummins in his drug store

at 2002 Cass avenue lost a gold watch and \$3. The bartender and several customers were forced into the icebox at Clem O'Leary's saloon, 1801 Division street, and \$7 was taken from the till. William Meisenbach, 1825 O'Fallon street, lost \$17 and two diamond studs.

William Newberry of 4768 Cots Brillante avenue, in charge of the oil filling station at 2240 South King's highway, was robbed of \$26.20.

We Give Eagle Stamps.

**Sensenbrenner's**  
SIXTH AND ST. CHARLES  
331 Pair Women's  
Pumps & Oxfords

\$2.50  
to  
\$4.00  
Values

\$1

Final  
Summer  
Clean-  
Up

Here's a splendid opportunity to get a good pair of low shoes to finish up the season for the ridiculous price of a dollar bill.

Clean-up of all broken lots—every pair this season's style—white canvas, dull kid, patent, bronze and black satin—Louis, Cuban or low heels. Not every size in every lot, but every size from 2 to 8 can be found many times over among the lot as a whole, and sizes 2 to 4½ galore to choose from.

Here Are Exact Sizes to Choose From:

SIZES ...	2	2½	3	3½	4	4½	5	5½	6	6½	7	8
PAIRS ...	10	48	82	57	35	21	9	6	7	8	21	27

**Men's Oxfords \$1**

66 pair of \$2.50 to \$4.00 values—Tans! Patents! Gunmetals! White Canvas! Broken lots—all sizes among them from 6 to 10—choose at.....

Read This Unconditional Offer:

Use

**SHINOLA**  
Products  
30 Days at Our Expense!

Buy SHINOLA, (Black, Tan or White) or the SHINOLA HOME SET, or all, at any store—To-day.

Shine your shoes for thirty days. Use all the polish if you wish. Use the SHINOLA HOME SET too. After this trial if not satisfied that these products are worth several times their small cost in making the home care of shoes easy and convenient we will refund your money without question.

The man or concern that is willing to say to every purchaser of its product—"Your money back if not satisfied" must have a product that will satisfy.

If you are not satisfied, mail the unused polish, empty box or Home Set to us advising purchase price. We will at once refund this amount also the amount of stamps you used to mail it.

Can you ask a fairer offer?

That you may learn for yourself how useful SHINOLA Products are, we are making this exceptional inducement to show our faith in our products and in your judgment.

SHINOLA HOME SET



AMERICA'S HOME SHOE POLISH

## BRITISH ATTACK WAS A FIELD DAY FOR TANKS

Advance North of St. Julien Was Accomplished With Only 15 Casualties.

**BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Aug. 21.**—The official communication Sunday told how the British captured German defenses along a mile front to a depth of 500 yards, north of St. Julien. Among the strongholds occupied were the famous triangle, Hibau and Cockcroft farms, the sites of exceedingly strong concrete and steel machine-guns, which made an easy advance. This operation was a tank show almost from start to finish.

It was dawn when the tanks lined up and waited for the signal to "go over the top." The British artillery, observing no less chivalry to the tanks than to the infantry in the past, poured a preliminary stream of shells into the German lines, then dropped a barrage ahead of the iron monitors, which started forward, looking for all the world like great dragons which had rolled out from one of Hans Andersen's conceptions into the gray morning light, shrouding this battlefield in the "cockpit of Europe." Behind them came the infantry, ready to do the cleaning up of the remaining enemy after the tanks had finished their work. But there was little for the infantry to do except assemble and care for the prisoners as the tanks progressed. There was hard fighting at several positions, such as the three redoubts mentioned, but it was always brief.

Inflict Heavy Casualties.

The tanks wheeled into position turned a heavy fire on the fortifications, and the Germans were killed trundled back home. They suffered heavy casualties. Great numbers of Germans were seen fleeing, terror-stricken as the tanks appeared in the distance, and a considerable number threw down their arms and surrendered without offering resistance. The tanks cleared the whole territory desired and then trundled back home. The suffered no damage. The total fatalities for the operation totaled 15. This has been the most striking incident of the latest fighting along this front.

The French engineers have encountered considerable difficulties amid the marshes into which their troops have advanced on their left, but the work is proceeding with marvelous rapidity.

**French Take Many Guns.**  
The French have captured about 25 German guns since this offensive began on July 31 and the machine guns taken are innumerable. Some of the captured redoubts were found to be veritable nests of machine guns. One field gun which a German artilleryman was about to blow up was taken near Les Lilas, the gunner being shot just as he was placing the explosive.

The examination of German prisoners taken by the British continues and out of 1940 questioned, only 25 per cent were found to belong to the 1810th Regt. Noncommissioned officers, however, show how the arms hampered by the demoralization of the younger recruits with whom they are supplied. They say they cannot rely on these youngsters and similar complaints are heard about the inefficiency of the young German officers in the battle of Flanders. The demoralization of certain German regiments at Langemarck and Polygon wood last Thursday was complete and this was due, according to captured noncommissioned officers, to the preponderance of 18-year-old youths in the ranks.

The 261st and 202d Regiments of the seventy-ninth division fled to the rear at Langemarck and many were killed by the British artillery as they ran. Both these regiments were ordered to counter attack later, but could not, because they were so exhausted and nerve-racked.

**A Kaleidoscope of Opportunities.**  
If he keeps his eyes open and watches the business chances in the Post-Dispatch Want Columns the small investor will find many places where both his services and his ready money can be profitably used.

Sunday the Post-Dispatch big Real Estate and Want Directory contained 7005 separate want ads, which is more than twice the number printed in the Globe-Democrat and six times as many as appeared in the Republic.

**St. Louisian's Relative Killed** by Auto State Humane Officer William Blake of North Dakota, who was killed recently at Juanita, N. D., when a train struck the auto in which he was driving, is survived by a nephew and niece in St. Louis. Irene and Nelson Field of 6225 Wise avenue. They reside with their mother, Mrs. M. Field. Blake was related to some of the most prominent officials of Ontario, Canada.

The place to swim, eat, dance, Vaudeville and band concert daily at the "Big Place on the Hill."—ADV.

**Minister Egan's Condition.**  
COPENHAGEN, Aug. 21.—Developments in the case of Dr. Maurice F. Egan, American Minister to Denmark, who underwent an operation Saturday for an affection of the kidneys, are taking a normal course. Reports from the hospital are that the Minister is doing as well as could be expected.

\$7.50-DETROIT - TOLEDO-56  
And return. Wabash, Aug. 24 and 25.

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 21, 1917.

CINCINNATI  
DETROIT

**Kline's**  
606-608 Washington Ave., Thru to Sixth

ST. LOUIS  
KANSAS CITY

Our Great Semi-Annual

## Sale of Sample Suits

Involving 365 Beautiful Manufacturers' Samples Especially Secured at a Fraction of Their Actual Worth—Values From \$30 to \$65, for \$23.75



Any of These Wonderful \$30 to \$65 Suits

\$23.75

Sizes 16 to 36—  
a few 38 and 40.

These Suits are in the very latest Fall styles, including such fabrics as Broadcloths, Silver-tones, Velours, Serges, Gabardines, Poplins and many pretty Novelty Fabrics. All the newest Fall colors are also represented, many colors to choose from—such as "Beet Root," Plum, "Rose Taupe," Burgundy, Brown and the always popular Navy Blue and Black.

This wonderful collection of Sample Suits came from three of the foremost suit specialists in New York City. Samples, as you know, are given special attention, as from them selections for the season's stock are made. Every detail of a Sample Suit is carefully worked out as to workmanship, design and finish. Accordingly—come here tomorrow expecting the most beautiful styles at a price that you will be unable to duplicate at any time during the season.



\$6.75

Promptly at 8:30 A. M. Wednesday

## A Sale of New Trimmed Hats

200 New Styles to choose from—of Lyons and Panne Velvet—in all the popular colors—tastefully trimmed with Burnt Goose, fancy feathers, wings and jet ornaments. Shop early in the day while the line is complete.



Second Floor.

Positively the greatest Millinery values we have ever offered at this season—affording a wonderful opportunity to obtain a high-grade Fall Hat at a small price. The line is so large that you can have no difficulty in choosing a becoming model.



\$6.75

**DO YOU KNOW**  
that you can get **UNLIMITED**  
telephone service in both  
your business and  
residence for  
**\$7 PER MONTH?**

Subscribe now and get your name  
in our new directory which closes  
**SEPTEMBER FIRST**

No slot 'phones. No measured service.

All 'phones positively selective ringing.

Call Central 100, or write

**KINLOCH TELEPHONE CO.**

Kinloch Bldg. Tenth and Locust

**FALL FESTIVAL AND FASHION PAGEANT**  
MUNICIPAL THEATER, FOREST PARK  
LAST PERFORMANCES TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, AUGUST 21 AND 22  
Tickets on sale Famous and Best Performers—Vanderbilt, Grand-Lender and Navajo Bros.  
Monday Night Tickets May Be Exchanged for Tuesday or Wednesday.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE 15-25

THE BIGGEST &amp; BEST New Art Program of

ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE EVER OFFERED AT POPULAR PRICES

SHOW NEVER STOPS—11 A. M. TO 11 P. M.

STANDARD REAL BURLESQUE

MATINEE DAILY AUTO GIRLS

NEXT—BIG REVIEW OF 1916

BASEBALL TODAY AT SPORTSMAN'S PARK

Browns vs. Washington

2:30 P. M.

Tickets on sale at Grand-Lender and Johnson-Mader-Pauly Drug Store, Grand and Olive.

Post-Dispatch Wants point the way to comfortable rooms and good board.

PHOTO PLAY THEATERS

NEW GRAND CENTRAL

GRAND AND LUCILLE

Palace of Cinema Master Production, 30,000 Cubic Feet of Cool, Warm Air Every Minute.

"WITHIN THE LAW"

RAYARD VELLER'S GREAT STAGE SUCCESSES

THE BIGGEST PICTURE ENTERTAINMENT IN THE CITY

Matinee daily, 2:30; 15¢; 25¢; 35¢. Children under 12, 10¢. Adults, 25¢.

HUMPHREY'S CONCERT ORCHESTRA

THE CENTRAL

St. Louis' Leading Downtown Photoplay Theater

WINSTON CHURCHILL'S GREAT STORY OF ST. LOUIS LIFE

Continues 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.—ALL SEATS 15¢

CINDERELLA

June Caprice in "PATRIOTIC WASHINGTON IN MAN WHO

AVOIDS DEATH." "The Man Who Would Be King."

The August Sale of Furs  
Establishes the Style Standards  
and Provides Unusual Values

# STIX, BAER & FULLER

(GRAND-LEADER)

The Fall Fashion Pageant Wednesday  
Night—Last Performance. Get Tickets  
Public Service Bureau, Main Floor

## Advance Fall Merchandise Underprice Is the Dominating Feature of the August Sales

On the Squares  
Crepe de Chine Waists  
A NEW lot made of heavy four-thread \$2.98  
crepe, in several different pretty styles, and in flesh color and white. Cut extra full, all sizes up to 44, and every one an exceptional value. (Square 15.)

Boys' Blouses, Each  
ODD lots taken from regular stock. Neck- 35c  
band and collar-attached styles. Also some shirts are included. Special, 3 for \$1.00 (Sixth St. Highway.)

Women's Petticoats  
MADE with Heather bloom tops, and \$2.50  
deep taffeta flounce, finished with small plaited ruffles and hemstitching. Several different styles, in all the new Fall shades. (Square 17.)

Children's Stockings  
FINE ribbed cotton, in 12c white only. Double 2c  
heels and toes. Slightly imper-  
fect. (Sixth St. Highway.)

Wash Dresses  
LONGWAISTED style, with plaited skirt, 25c  
shown in white and colors, effec-  
tively trimmed in contrasting  
colors. Sizes 2 to 6 years. (Sixth St. Highway.)

Colored Poplins, Yd.  
SILK-AND-LISLE, with 89c  
a high luster. Good  
medium weight, 36 inches wide,  
and in many new solid shades. (Escalator Square.)

Men's Wash Trousers  
MADE of high-grade \$1.35  
khaki and heavy dark gray drill—tunnel belt  
loops, plain or cuff bottoms. All  
sizes. Special for Wednesday  
only. (Sixth St. Highway.)

Hand Bags,  
OF leather, in a num-  
ber of styles nicely \$1.00  
lined in bright colors. Inside  
purses and mirror metal and  
covered frames, plain and fancy  
etched. All new merchandise and  
good value. (Main Floor.)

### Bathing Caps Half Price

A BIG jobbing house sold us  
their surplus stock of fine  
Bathing and Swimming Caps at  
about half the regular price. We  
in turn hand them on to you at  
the same saving.

The lot contains many attrac-  
tive and novel styles in all the  
popular colors, and all are made  
of finest gum rubber.

Many women of good judgment  
will not fail to think of next sea-  
son's needs when such savings  
opportunities are at hand. (Square 10, Main Floor.)

### Advance Sale of Wool Goods

We purchased from the leading mills Wool Goods of every description, embracing

Bolivias, Silk-and-Wool Velours,  
Broadcloths, Suitings, Skirtings and  
Coatings of finest qualities.  
54 Inches Wide—Lengths to 5 Yards.

\$1.75

a Yard

(Second Floor.)

### New Untrimmed Velvet Hats

For Fall  
Wear, at  
\$2.98



MILADY will be much delighted with these new shirred-brim effects, with roll edges. Soft-finish crowns are among the newest ideas in Fall Hats. Other styles are straight Sailor, Mushrooms and Roll-brims, in black, brown, navy, cherry and myrtle green. Two of the styles are illustrated.

Feather Trimmings, 25c to \$2.98

Among the new trimmings are Hackel and Coque, Pompons, Bat Wings, Spanish Coque Sweeps and Feather Bands of heckle, burnt goose and azure. These trimmings come in black and colors. (Third Floor.)

### Sweater Coats—a Sale

THE good fortune of special purchase of handsome Fiber Silk and Shetland Sweater Coats is responsible for the remarkable values offered in these two lots.

At \$5.75—Are Fiber Silk Sweaters with large sailor collars and sash. These are in jersey weave and in such desired shades as rose, gold, Copenhagen and purple. All sizes are offered.

At \$8.95—Are Shetland Sweaters, with large angora collar and cuffs, finished with sash—others in solid-color Shetland, in shades of lobster, pink, lavender and rose. Another model is of best quality Fiber Silk, fancy weave, solid shades with white collar, cuffs and sash. These are to be had in the desired shades as well as black. (Second Floor.)

Kid Gloves, Pr., \$1.65  
Women's lightweight White  
Two-clasp style Gloves for early  
Fall wear. (Main Floor.)

### Hosiery

THE desired kind for Summer, at low prices.

Black Dropstitch Silk Stockings, extra fine quality. Double lace soles, toes, high heels and double garter tops. Slight irregulars. Special, 79c

Women's Thread Silk Stockings, black boot-length. Extra splicing of little thread in soles, toes, high heels and double garter tops. Special, pr., 65c

Women's Fiber Silk Stockings, boot length, in black and colors. Double lace heels and toes. Second quality. 3 pairs for \$1.00. Pair, 35c (Main Floor.)

(Main Floor.)

### Black Silks and Satins at \$1.35 Yd.

— are featured in the August Silk Sale Wednesday. Black Silks are destined to be more popular than ever this season, and this sale is quite helpful to women who are in need of these Silks. The Wednesday lot offers:

35-in Dress Taffeta  
36-in. Peau de Soie  
40-in. Crepe de Chine  
40-in. Satin Meteor  
35-in. Duchesse Satin  
40-in. Chiffon Taffeta

Special  
\$1.35  
Yard

36-in. Messaline  
40-in. Crepe Meteor  
40-in. Striped Grenadine  
39-in. Paillette de Soie  
40-in. Moire Velour

(Second Floor.)

### Handkerchiefs 10c and 15c Ea.

OVER 500 dozen, consisting of Shamrock, lawn, pure linen—embroidered in a wide range of dainty floral designs. Some are all-white, others in colored effects. Hemstitched rolled edges, or all-round lace edges. (Main Floor.)

### Fall Dresses for Children

THESE new Fall styles are well tailored, and made of good quality material. Straight styles, with pockets, trimmed with a group of smocking, finished with solid colored collars and cuffs, in rose, Copenhagen or yellow. The materials are white poplins. Sizes for children 2 to 6 years. A very special value at \$2.98

Bakery Special  
Chocolate Spiced Muffins—  
dainty spice cakes with a coating of rich chocolate, dozen, 18c (Main Floor.)

### HOUSEWARE SPECIALS

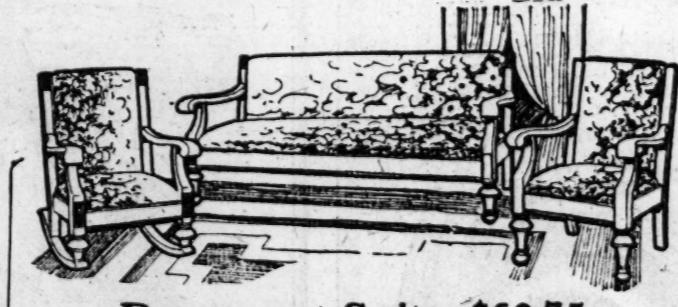
Garbage Cans—galvanized, with tight-fitting rim cover, 4½-gallon size, 59c  
"Wear Ever," aluminum, indispensable during the preserving season, \$1.25  
Liquid Veneer, for polishing furniture, woodwork, auto, etc.; 4-oz bottle, 18c  
Toilet Paper, 7 rolls, 24c; while a lot of 75 cans lasts. Limit of 7 rolls to a customer. No mail or phone orders filled.

Saucepans, "Wear Ever" aluminum; 2-qt, with cover, 75c  
Mason Jars, the genuine Ball Mason Fruit Jars, qt. size, 69c  
Teakettles, high-grade aluminum; 5-qt. size, \$1.89

Ice Cream Freezers, "Peerless" make; 4-qt size; freeze ice cream as smooth as velvet; special for Wednesday, \$2.95 (Fifth Floor.)

O-Ceds, the genuine—triangle shape, special, 59c

Fruit Cans, quart size, with covers, doz., 59c (Fifth Floor.)



### Davenport Suite, \$69.75 (As Illustrated)

THIS Suite will add to the beauty of any living room. It is in Louis XIV-period design, made of cathedral oak, with heavy tapestry covering, automobile spring seat, large wide-splayed arms. Davenport is 6 ft. 6 in. long.

3-Pc. William and Mary Period Davenport Suite, covered with silk velvet, \$69.75  
3-Pc. Chippendale Suite, brown mahogany, silk velvet covering, cane panel back, \$52.50  
2-Pc. Hall Suite, hand-rubbed cathedral oak, hair-filled seat cushions, Charles II period, \$81.00  
Cane and Tapestry Chairs or Rockers, each, \$16.95 (Sixth Floor.)

### Beige Point Curtains, \$5.50 Pr.

THESE were obtained through a special purchase. There are patterns of Beige Point Milan, imported direct from St. Gall, Switzerland. These are exceptional values and are ideal for living room and parlor draperies. In beige only.

Marquisette Curtains, \$1.50

These Curtains are high mercerized quality, double border, hemstitched effect, in white, ivory and beige.

Fillet Net Curtains, \$1.75 Pr.

Just received several new patterns in these beautiful Net Curtains, in various designs, ivory and beige tints.

Cretonnes, Special, Yd. 15c

About 20 short bolts, ranging from 5 to 20 yards to a bolt. Beautiful color combinations.

### Curtains and Materials

Scrim Curtains, Pr., \$1.15

Splendid quality, hemmed or hemstitched borders, lace insertion and edge, in white, cream and Arabian.

Punjab Cloth, Yd., 45c

A highly mercerized material, popular for door and window hangings. Alike on both sides. In colors, green, brown, blue and red.

Jacquard Marquises, Yd., 25c

Twenty-five dozen Opaque Window Shades in white or green, mounted on self-acting spring rollers. Complete with fixtures. (Downstairs Store.)

### The Sale of Women's White Pumps

At \$1.00 Pair



—has brought hundreds of St. Louis women to the store to supply Footwear needs for not only the present but future wear. Splendid quality, and the variety of styles makes selection easy. Most of these are in low heels.

Women's Dress Pumps, Pair, \$1.98

Women will find in these Pumps quality and style that are seldom found in Shoes at a much higher price.

These are of patent and dull leathers in plain or strap styles, hand-turned soles and leather French heels. All sizes in the lot.

(Sixth St. Highway, Main Floor and Downstairs Store.)

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Fall Fashion Pageant Wednesday Night—Last Performance. Get Tickets  
Public Service Bureau, Main Floor

### 7th Annual Advance Sale of

## FALL FOOTWEAR

WE offer the new and distinctive modes of high-grade Fall Footwear at prices that represent most substantial savings. The styles are authentic, the qualities measure up to the standard imposed by Stix, Baer & Fuller, and the prices now are considerably less than they will be later:

### Women's Staple Shoes, Pair

MODELED on stylish lasts, made of gun-metal calf with dull kid tops, or patent leather vamps and dull kid tops—both button and lace styles; in all sizes.

\$2.95

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**TOURISTS UNWELCOME IN BAVARIA.**  
COPENHAGEN, Aug. 21.—"Speed the parting guests" is the motto of the Bavarian Government, finding the plague of tourists in the Bavarian highlands and other resorts is eating the natives out of house and home. Visitors have been limited to one week's stay.

### ALKALI IN SOAP BAD FOR THE HAIR

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoo contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is just ordinary milled coconut oil (which is pure and greaseless), and is better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use.

One or two soapings will clean the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get milled coconut oil at any pharmacy; it's very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.—ADV.

### AMERICANS EJECT THE "ENEMY" BY COUNTER ATTACKS

Dewey, Farragut, Porter and Sampson Trenches Defended Against French "Foe."

#### PETAIN PRAISES TROOPS

Certain Americans Will Form Excellent Fighting Force; Perhaps Notes Improvements.

By Associated Press.

**AMERICAN TRAINING CAMP, IN FRANCE.** Aug. 21.—Training in some of the American battalions has progressed to such a point that mimic attacks on the trench systems are being carried out with a degree akin to actual warfare. Thus far artillery fire has been theoretical, but before long troops expect to have the experience of watching the effect of real artillery upon the trenches.

The marines are having some especially lively engagements this week with their French instructors. French chasseurs, acting as the enemy, have been making attacks upon the marines' trench system, while Dewey, Farragut, Porter and Sampson trenchers act as the battle objectives. The French also have been attempting to block and hold communication trenches in the Oise, Mississippi, Delaware and Potowomoy.

Make Stout Resistance.

The marines have been making stout resistance and wherever the "enemy" has penetrated their lines they have organized a counter attack which quickly ejected the intruders. The real object of these preliminary attacks is to get the officers and men acquainted with what are known at the front as operation orders. It is the first step toward learning the rudiments of a highly organized plan of modern warfare, where every step and every detail is worked out in advance on a pre-arranged plan and must be strictly adhered to.

One great difference from real warfare is the fact that in battles with the marines, the "enemy" has accommodately allowed a copy of his operation orders to fall in the hands of the defending garrison. These will be claimed later and the American trench garrison will be called to resist surprise attacks in France.

Communication Maintenance.

Another valuable feature in sham battle exercises is teaching the Americans the great importance of what is known as the maintenance of communication with supporting artillery and with flanking forces, with airplanes and with information centers.

Attacks are accompanied by a lively rocket display, as S. O. S. signals are sent up for defining the curtain of fire from the artillery and calling on reserves from companies in the trenches. The rockets are also used in the guise of artillery fire by shortening and lengthening ranges. The evacuation of wounded under theoretical shell fire is another feature of sham battles which is receiving attention.

American Please Petain.

"I am exceedingly pleased and gratified with what I have seen during this inspection," said Gen. Petain, French Commander in Chief, on his visit to the camp Sunday. "Training has progressed so well that I feel certain the American troops will form an excellent fighting force in a very short time."

The French General was accompanied by Major-General John J. Pershing, the American commander, and both left in the afternoon for the French front, where they will remain several days. They had a very busy day, motorizing 100 miles or more and inspecting almost every village in the Aisne area. They are billeted. In addition, Gen. Petain held a review of the famous Chasseur division, which has been training the Americans for the last month.

Addressing the officer of this division, Gen. Petain said they had rendered a notable service both to France and to America and that their battalions had become sister battalions to the American contingent. The Americans, he added, had expressed the hope that some day they would have the privilege of fighting alongside their French instructors and of proving what apt pupils they can be.

Gen. Petain spoke of the size of the chasseurs, and the high morale of the French army they represented, and recalled to them that their duty was always to inculcate this morale in their fellow divisions.

Pershing Satisfied With Men.

Major-General Pershing also was much pleased with his inspection of the American troops. He noted material improvements everywhere and said:

"I am extremely well satisfied with what I have seen today. A thing which particularly strikes one about the Americans is the fine spirit which prevails both among officers and men. Training is progressing rapidly and satisfactorily in every respect."

The review of the chasseur division was most spectacular. Gen. Pershing greatly admired the dash with which it was carried off. The heavy men made a splendid showing, but the picturesque nature was the pushing by the divisional artillery with horses at a fast trot, followed at some distance by several troops of cavalry at full gallop. Later three of the chasseur bands played "The Marseillaise" and "The Star-Spangled Banner."

The day was one of brilliant sunshine, and during the greater part of the review a beautiful silver-colored French airplane played above the heads of the soldiers. The French planes surveyed the scene.

suspicion by the American anti-aircraft gunners while it was some distance away, and before the identity of the aircraft was fully established. There were several German airplanes near the camp late Saturday and it is reported that French airmen brought one of them down while it was endeavoring to return home.

Prior to the review Gen. Petain bestowed numerous decorations upon the chasseurs and also mingled with the French peasants who had gathered on the review grounds. Petain one small boy on the head. Gen.

Petain asked him to what military class he belonged.

"I am twenty-three, my General," the boy answered.

"Then you will have a long time to wait," the General remarked laughingly, and the boy saluted gravely.

Several times during the day the French commander was presented with bouquets by small girls, each one of whom he kissed on either cheek. Late in the day Gen. Pershing also received a bouquet and adopting the French custom, leaned

far over and kissed the little girl on both her rosy cheeks and thanked her first in English and then in French.

Gen. Petain made a close inspection of several American battalions and seemed particularly interested in the various items of their equipment. He stopped in front of several soldiers and examined their kits in detail.

Bay from "Day" today—Auto Tire, Day Rubber Co., 415 N. 4th st. —ADV.

### ALKALI IN SOAP BAD FOR THE HAIR

Soap should be used very carefully, if you want to keep your hair looking its best. Most soaps and prepared shampoo contain too much alkali. This dries the scalp, makes the hair brittle, and ruins it.

The best thing for steady use is just ordinary milled coconut oil (which is pure and greaseless), and is better than the most expensive soap or anything else you can use.

One or two soapings will clean the hair and scalp thoroughly. Simply rub it in. It makes an abundance of rich, creamy lather, which rinses out easily, removing every particle of dust, dirt, dandruff and excessive oil. The hair dries quickly and evenly, and it leaves the scalp soft, and the hair fine and silky, bright, lustrous, fluffy and easy to manage.

You can get milled coconut oil at any pharmacy; it's very cheap, and a few ounces will supply every member of the family for months.—ADV.

### U. S.

### Government

### Will Sell

### Balance of

### Indian

### Land

in

### Southeastern

### Oklahoma

The United States Government in 1825 offered the five Southern tribes of Indians the privilege of going west of the Mississippi River and selecting their own hunting grounds in return for lands to be taken from them in the West. The Indians accepted the offer and afterwards came to be known as the Indian Territory. They selected it because of its fertile soil and good water. The vast stretches of gently rolling prairies and timbered regions with rich valleys between, traversed by numerous streams of clear, cold water, with an ample rainfall and ideal climatic conditions, exactly suited the astute Indians.

Progress toward civilization was slow among the Indian tribes, but they made sufficient advance to attract the attention of the Indians to their lands to them individually a few years ago, which was the signal for a rush of immigration into the territory; cities and towns sprang up as if by magic. Vast areas of land hitherto unproduced were made to produce by great crops, and in untilled quantities in the eastern part of the Territory. The coal mines were developed and the Indian Territory became a thriving, bustling, busy region; and greater agricultural and mineral development has occurred there in the last few years, with the result that there is less than 1 per cent of the land where on earth. This region comprises what is now the eastern half of the State of Oklahoma.

Through education and intermarriage, the Indians have largely disappeared, and are today a taxpayer, a voter and a busy, useful member of society. The population in Eastern Oklahoma cities and towns is less than 1 per cent of the total.

There are a large number of tracts of valuable, unallotted lands, all in the possession of the Government, in the eastern part of the Territory. These lands are not only in the possible oil district, but are also in the coal fields. The eastern part of the Indian Territory is a great oil field, and because of the great advance in the price of oil, the Indians are anxious to secure leases, which they cannot obtain until the lands are put into individual ownership.

The last of a series of sales of these lands will occur in the fall, when, in the fall, the lands will be put up to bid for oil.

The land is to be sold on easy payment under a very low appraisal, ranging from \$1.50 up to \$100 per acre. The lands classed as timber land contain valuable merchantable timber.

The lands are agricultural, as good farm land as can be found anywhere, and situated near to railroads, towns and cities.

There are no homestead requirements. The land can be bought to live on the land nor to improve it.

Major-General Pershing also was much pleased with his inspection of the American troops. He noted material improvements everywhere and said:

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### KIESELHORST

—ESTABLISHED 1878—

St. Louis Representatives

### APOLLO

Player Pianos

501 Olive Street

15c

You will find  
why should they

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 21, 1917

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Bay from "Day" today—Auto Tire, Day Rubber Co., 415 N. 4th st. —ADV.

### For a Fair Street Railway Settlement

## The City's Street Railway Ordinances: No. 2

In the second, or alternative, ordinance drafted by the City Government for a street railway settlement, the City offers the United Railways Company these terms:

The Company shall pay the unpaid mill tax in full, in ten yearly installments.

The Company shall each year hereafter pay the City 3% of its gross revenue from transportation in the City of St. Louis.

The City shall accept this 3% of gross revenue in lieu of the mill tax or other occupation or license tax, but shall reserve the right to levy a franchise tax, a general property tax, special assessment taxes and paving taxes on the Company.

The City shall grant the Company a 50-year franchise.

The City shall have the right, ten years from date of acceptance of the ordinance, and every five years afterward, to buy the street railways, and to pay for them either with cash or with 4% City bonds.

The City shall recognize, as the purchase price, a present valuation of \$60,000,000, increased or reduced hereafter as provided by the ordinance.

The City Comptroller shall at all times have the right to examine the Company's records and accounts, and shall verify all increases or reductions of its capital or purchase price.

Control of street railway operation, and of additions and betterments (including subways and rapid transit lines), shall be exercised by a Committee of two members, one named by the City, one by the Company.

This Committee, within sixty days from taking effect of the ordinance, shall consider what re-arrangements, extensions, additions and betterments of the street railway service of St. Louis are needed.

The Committee (like the Board of Control in Ordinance No. 1) shall have power to order re-arrangements, extensions, additions and improvements to be made, either wholly at the Company's cost, when the investment promised to earn operating charges and interest, or to be paid for partly by the Company and partly by those desiring such extensions when the investment does not promise to earn operating charges and interest.

When the Committee orders such improvements, it shall certify to City and Company the amounts so invested by the Company which may be added to its capital or purchase price.

The Company shall not capitate contributions so made by others; the City shall acquire ownership in the system to the amount of such contributions.

The Company shall maintain its present rates of fare and grant universal transits.

The Company shall continue to pave and repair paving between and for one foot on either side of its tracks, and shall continue to remove snow and ice from streets traversed by its lines, as ordered by the City.

The Company shall be granted the right, "subject to unobstructed use of the streets by passenger cars," and to reversion by the City at any time, to operate special cars for mail, express and freight, and to build switch tracks from its main lines to factories, yards and other institutions desiring such facilities—always subject to the City's approval.

Failure to perform any of its obligations herein shall forfeit the Company's rights under this ordinance.

The Company must accept the ordinance within nine months.

The City shall reserve the right to alter, amend, or repeal the ordinance at any time.

It is important to every citizen that the obstacles which have handicapped St. Louis' street railway service for years past should be settled, as soon as possible and on terms fair to the community and the Company.

A comparison of the two ordinances will be given in our next advertisement.

## The United Railways Company of St. Louis

### EXCURSIONS

### LARGEST EXCURSION

### STEAMER MAJESTIC

### SUNDAYS TO ALTON & Illinois River

### WEEK DAYS EXCEPT MONDAYS

### EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SATURDAY

### Leave 8 p. m. Return 11 p. m. FARE 25c.

### Main 802. Dock and Office Post of Olive St. Central 1206.

### EXCURSIONS

### NON-SINKABLE, STEEL HULL

### STEAMER MAJESTIC

### Sundays to

### Alton & Illinois River

### Leave 8 p. m. Return 11 p. m. FARE 25c.

### Central 1206.

### High Class Palatial Steamer

### MONDAYS—Leave 8:30 a. m. Return 10 p. m. FARE 25c.

### TUESDAYS—Leave 8:30 a. m. Return 10 p. m. FARE 25c.

### WEDNESD

## GIRL HIT BY AUTOMOBILE DIES

Miss Matilda Neist, 22 years old, of 5342 West Avenue, who died last

night at the city hospital, was the forty-ninth person killed by automobiles in St. Louis since Jan. 1. Shortly after she alighted from a street car, she was knocked down. Godsky was arrested.

## What is Castoria

**CASTORIA** is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-Good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

## Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. Albert W. Kahl, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have used Castoria in my practice for the past 26 years. I regard it as an excellent medicine for children."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisengraeber, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. It is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

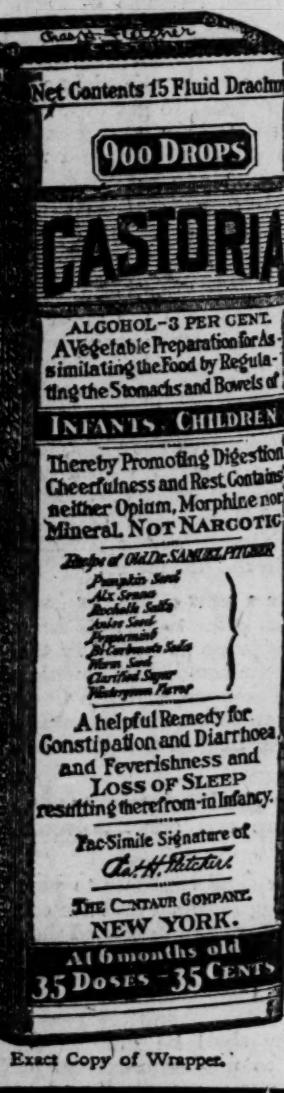
Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

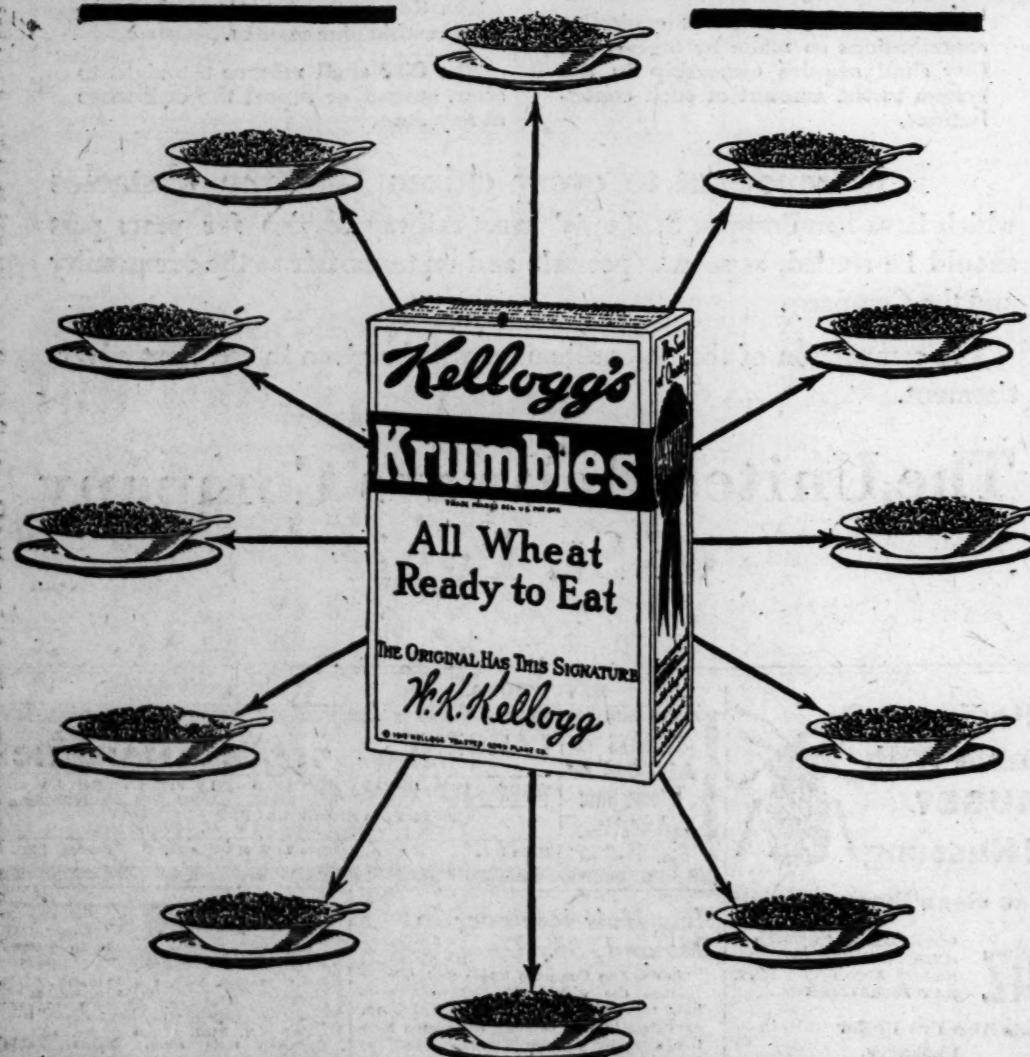
**GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS**  
Bear the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher.*  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



## Whole-Wheat. More Nutritious than Bread.



One Cent a Dish for Krumbles

## MUSTARD GAS FAILS TO STOP THE FRENCH

Objectives at Verdun Taken Despite Sulphuric Acid and Fifteen-Inch Shells.

By Associated Press.  
**GRAND HEADQUARTERS OF THE FRENCH ARMIES IN FRANCE**, Monday, Aug. 20.—When prisoners came back in hundreds shortly after dawn this morning, the observers knew that the sharp blow decided on by the French higher command, in order to give more breathing space at Verdun, had been successful.

After the artillery had pounded the German positions stretching along a front of 14 miles from south of Bapaume to Bapaume, the infantry advanced and the first streak of dawn lighted the sky and occupied all the positions they had set out to conquer, at the same time sweeping into them their net, many prisoners of several divisions of the German Crown Prince's army.

When the order was given for the French soldiers to go over the top in the face of hundreds of batteries of heavy and light artillery and thousands of machine guns they advanced singing, and nothing could stay their dash. They were handled in such a way by their officers that they escaped through the most dangerous part of the ground they had to negotiate with almost negligible losses, reaching the German positions before the German barrage fire.

Intense Artillery Fire.

The correspondent passed the night on the battlefield in the vicinity of the thickest artillery fire and can testify to its intensity. During two famous French victories, on Oct. 24 and Dec. 15, 1916, before Verdun, the correspondent was present on both occasions, and this time reached the conclusion from the fierceness of the fire that the French employed at least an equal number of guns.

The night preceding this battle was fairy-like in beauty. There was no moon, but the stars were bright and the natural effects were enhanced by the constant succession of flashes from bursting shells, while all along both French and German positions flares almost incessantly arose, making the surrounding area almost brighter than day.

The only disturbing sounds were the terrifying screeches and the whistling of smaller shells and the train-like roar of larger projectiles as they tore through the air, while the dull thuds of French torpedoes reverberated along the ground.

Unstable Terrain.

The French troops awaiting the order to advance knew that this was unsuitable terrain for attacking forces, but the fullest confidence reigned and they went forward.

Facing them were German divisions which had been massed for resistance to any effort the French might make to extend their circles of territory around Verdun, which the Germans call the door to the heart of France. The confidence of the French proved justified, for they not only pushed the German intruders back as far as they had intended, but took many prisoners from chosen German regiments.

All through the night the German artillery had poured thousands of shells of every caliber into the roads and communicating trenches leading to the front. They introduced a novelty in the shape of 15-inch shells containing enormous shrapnel pellets, which burst overhead, scattering pieces far and wide. But the disposition of the French troops was so cleverly contrived that they suffered little.

Verdun itself received hundreds of shells, which simply added to the destruction in the city.

"Mustard Gas" Shells.

All the ground within eight miles of the front lines was strewed repeatedly with shells containing a horrible new German gas known as "mustard gas" affecting the mucous membrane and any portion of the body which is exposed, causing terrible blisters, as its base is sulphuric acid, and bringing a slow and painful death if it enters the lungs.

The aviators were busy as soon as the light permitted, and the correspondent saw two German machines shot down by gunfire, while German airmen who make a specialty of attacking observation balloons twice attempted to destroy these, but were driven off.

Buy from "Day" today—Garden Hose Day Rubber Co., 415 N. 4th St.

—ADV.

HOSPITAL A SPY HEADQUARTERS

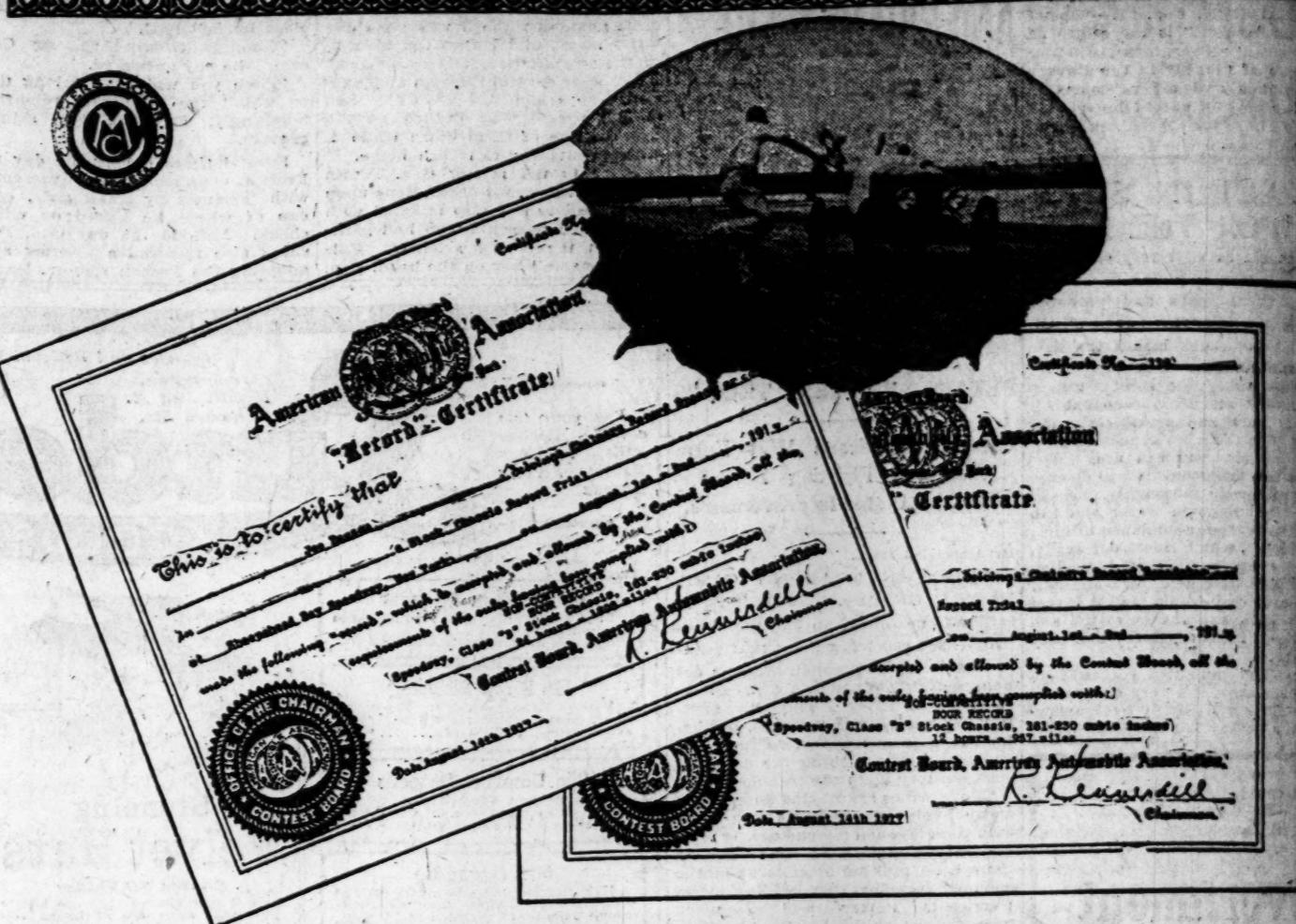
German Espionage Organization Discovered in Petrograd.

**PETROGRAD, Aug. 21.**—A private hospital in the center of the city, which was raided today by order of the military authorities, proved to be the headquarters of a German espionage organization. A patient entered on the records as being a peasant from Novgorod admitted that he was a German spy. The director of the hospital, who was supposed to be a Russian woman, was found to be a German spy. Her assistant also gave a false name.

A considerable number of the staff of the institution and several of the patients were arrested.

\$7.50-DETROIT - TOLEDO-56  
And return. Wabash, Aug. 24 and 25.

French Start Big Blast Furnaces.  
**PARIS, Aug. 21.**—Fires have just been started in the biggest blast furnaces in France, planned and constructed during the war, near Caen, in the Department of Calvados, where German iron manufacturers began before the war to extend their holdings and were preparing to erect an iron and steel mill to utilize the iron and coke of this department.



## CHALMERS POWER, SPEED and STABILITY PROVED

Fifteen New Speed Records Demonstrate Chalmers Perfect Performance

The 15 New Chalmers Records Officially Approved by the American Automobile Association

NEW MILE RECORDS					
1 mile	44.37	4 miles	254.61	15 miles	10:58.55
2 miles	1:27.44	5 miles	3:37.83	20 miles	14:30.30
3 miles	2:11.80	10 miles	7:16.80	25 miles	18:15.67
				50 miles	36:12.93
				75 miles	54:32.45
				100 miles	1:12:10.17

NEW TIME RECORDS  
1 hour 83 miles 12 hours 957 miles 24 hours 1898 miles

Traveling farther and faster than any human being has ever traveled on land, sea or air in 24 hours, Joe Dawson in a stock Chalmers Speedster Chassis has smashed all Speedway records by covering the astonishing distance of 1898 miles in a twice-around-the-clock race against time on the Sheephead Bay Speedway.

The old twenty-four-hour record was 1819 miles, held by a Hudson. Chalmers bettered this wonderful mark by 79 miles.

The old one-hour mark of 77 miles, also made by a Hudson, the Chalmers bettered by six miles.

The 100-mile record, also held by a Hudson stock car, is 80 minutes, 21.40 seconds. Chalmers covered this distance in 8 minutes, 11.23 seconds less time.

The 12-hour mark of 923 miles made by a Hudson was bettered by the Chalmers which ran 957 miles in 12 hours—34 miles farther.

The contest Board of the American Automobile Association has approved and accepted these performances as official records.

The trial was made under its supervision and was timed with the automatic electric timing device.

**PARK AUTOMOBILE COMPANY, 5201-07 Delmar Boulevard**  
Forest 7510 ESTABLISHED 1904 Delmar 1100  
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY OF ALL MODELS. DEALERS WANTED IN ILLINOIS AND MISSOURI TERRITORY.

Today's Aid to Beauty  
Should Always Be Insured

Do you realize that your fire insurance policy does not reimburse you for a loss by fire occurring outside of your residence? Your wife may have expensive materials in the dressers, you may have close to other effects at the office, club or elsewhere? The NORTH AMERICA baggage policy covers the personal effects of yourself, not only against fire, but against theft and other causes from the moment they are taken from your home until returned. The cost is moderate and you are paid promptly.

See your agent today, or phone for full information to

Charles L. Crane Agency, Ltd. F. D. Hirschberg & Co.  
Pleasant Building Fire and Marine Dept.  
Fire and Automobile Dept. Phones: Main 3360; Central 3610.

Special Representative.

REPRESENTING

Insurance Company of  
NORTH AMERICA  
PHILADELPHIA  
The oldest American Stock Insurance Company  
Capital \$4,000,000. Founded 1752 Assets Over \$22,000,000

How to Reduce Your Weight  
A Simple, Safe, Reliable Way

If you are carrying around ten to sixty pounds of unhealthy fat you are unnecessarily weakening your vital organs and are bearing a burden which destroys the beauty of your figure.

Why continue to be a victim of superfluous fat? If you want to reduce your weight in a simple, safe and reliable way, without starvation diet or strenuous exercise, here is a full worth trying. Spend some time daily in the open air, take seven deep breaths each morning and night and get from any good druggist a box of oil of kerosene capsules; take one after each meal and one before retiring at night; also follow the other simple directions that come with the box.

Weigh yourself once a week, so as to know just how fast you are losing weight, and don't leave off the treatment or even skip a single day until you are down to normal.

Oil of kerosene is absolutely harmless, is pleasant to take and helps digestion. Even a day's treatment will result in a noticeable reduction in weight, the step becomes lighter, the skin smoother, the complexion better, the hair more lustrous, the eyes brighter, the entire body and mind in better condition.

Those who are overweight should try this treatment a trial. You are very likely to be surprised, too, and delighted by the results.

**"Ask Any Housewife"**  
**PETERMAN'S KILLS BUGS**  
At All Dealers, Refuse Substitute

During the first seven months of 1917 the Post-Dispatch printed 248 Classified Instruction Want Ads—125 more than the FOUR other St. Louis newspapers combined.

LAST REHE  
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Entertainment  
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is not good.

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are requested  
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at 10 o'clock.

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Show, 30th St. Vi  
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Show, 1350 North  
Lemonade star  
South Compone  
Norma Weber.

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# LAST REHEARSALS ARE HELD FOR BIG MILK FUND SHOW

Entertainment at Harberger Hall  
Tomorrow Night to Be Followed by Dance.

## Taking of Photoplay Picture Postponed Because of the Rain

BECAUSE of the rain, the first scene of the photoplay, that is to be shown at the Victoria Theater the week of Sept. 10, for the benefit of the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund, will be taken in Forest Park tomorrow. Instead of today, or on Thursday if the weather should again interfere tomorrow.

All children who have made application to appear in the photoplay, or those who have worked for the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund and would like to participate in it, are requested to be at the Jefferson Memorial Building in Forest Park tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Every child who has a costume should take it. If any child has two costumes and is willing to lend one, it should also be taken along. Provision will be made at the park for all children without costumes.

Take University, Hamilton, or Union car and get off at De Baliviere and Belden avenues. Walk two blocks south to the Jefferson Memorial Building.

**CONTRIBUTIONS.**  
Previously acknowledged—\$2595.54  
Show, Hamilton Aerodrome Lemonade stand, 2729 Sheridan avenue, 1005 Sollicitation, 4050 Evans avenue, Show, 3016 St. Vincent avenue, Lemonade stand, 1111 North Sixteenth street. A Friend, Show, 1454 Goodfellow avenue, Show, 1334 North Garrison avenue, Lemonade stand, 2134 South Compton avenue, Normal Weber, Total—\$2973.95

The sale of tickets is the only work remaining for the young people who will appear tomorrow night in the entertainment that is to be given at Harberger Hall, King's highway and Von Versen avenue, for the benefit of the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund. The last rehearsals have been held and the performers, as a result of competent drilling, have become perfect in their parts.

The program abounds in numbers that will prove highly entertaining to the large audience which is assured by a heavy advance sale of tickets. Several young people in the entertainment are completing arrangements for the dance that is to follow the yuandeville program. Maxwell Goldman will furnish music for the show and also for the ensuing dance, and hundreds of persons living in the vicinity of the hall will attend both.

Mrs. Marguerite Hopkins, the director of the entertainment, has had a wide experience in the staging of various sorts of entertainments for charities, and is in charge of the Children's Choral, an organization which aims to teach children the fundamental qualities of correct singing. An entertainment similar to that to be given tomorrow night, which she directed last year to aid the Milk and Ice Fund, was the most successful affair of the kind of the season.

Norma Weber, 13 years old, of 4511 McKinley avenue, contributes \$5 to the Milk and Free Ice Fund. The contribution is the result of the sale of a costume cap. Mrs. Meyers of 4511 McKinley avenue received the cap, which was donated by Norma's mother.

A lemonade stand that was conducted at 2134 South Compton avenue, resulted in a profit of \$1 for the fund. Helen Witter, 2134 South Compton avenue, and Emily Reinhard of 2136 South Compton avenue, were the managers of the stand.

**66.—TOLEDO & RETURN—\$6**

Aug. 24 and 25, via Clover Leaf Route. Good in sleeping cars. 418 Olive street.

All Pictures Taken of Milk Fund Workers Will Be Published.

As is usual at this season, when the children are having their summer vacation from school, the various affairs given to the Post-Dispatch Pure Milk and Free Ice Fund number several a day. It is impossible, therefore, to publish at once all pictures which are taken of workers for the fund. They will be published as rapidly as possible, however, and will appear.

**DEATHS**

**BARNES**—On Tuesday, Aug. 21, 1917. John W. Barnes, husband of Anna Barnes, father of John, L. E., and William W. Barnes and the late Emma H. Hutchinson.

Funeral from residence, 4125 W. Carpenter, on Tuesday, Aug. 21, at 2:30 p.m. Motor.

**BECAVR**—Entered into rest on Yester- day, at 11:30 p.m., Mrs. Anton Beacvr, beloved wife of Anton Beacvr, dear mother of Antonette Bryndas (nee Beacvr) and John Beacvr.

Funeral will take place Thursday, Aug. 23, at 11 a.m., from residence, 1857 S. 13th street to St. John of Nepomuk church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Motor.

## Two Groups of Little Workers for Fund to Aid the Tenement Babies



Upper picture, top row, left to right: Lucille L. and Marie A. Cranmer. From row, left to right: Alice Johnson, Alden Peterson, Lorraine Rourard.

Lower picture, left to right: Frieda Davidson, Hannah Weil, Virginia Vaughan, Alma Weil.

### UNDERTAKERS

#### PEETZ BROS.

Funeral home, 116 Lafayette av. and carriage garage, no charge for cars and carriage funeral.

**PERSONAL**

**PERSON**

## HELP WANTED-MEN, BOYS

MAN—Experienced for general factory. \$150. Box 100, N. Main. (c)

MAN—Young, married to work in washing and delivery department of high-class department store. Box 100, P.O. (c)

MAN—For tool and stock room for machine shop, elderly man preferred. Box K-240. Post-Dispatch. (c)

MAN—For stock department and to help in shipping. Jones Woodenware and Paper Co., 216 Locust. St. Louis. (c)

MAINTENANCE MAN—On woodworking machinery, sharpening saws, etc.; 700 per hour. Box 100, P.O. (c)

MAN AND WIFE—For country saloon, to do porter work and housekeeping. Call 174-5. (c)

MAN—Who has had some experience around packing house market. Apply Morris, St. Louis. (c)

MAN—Intelligent, not over 40; must speak Hungarian; pleasant work; good pay. (c)

MAN—Immediately, reliable, with experience on Moore caravans, trade. Box N. 125. (c)

MAN—About 31, looks kindly; desires some clerical work; references. Box A-44. Post-Dispatch. (c)

MAN—Young, for packing and general factory work. Apply Forbes Bros. Tea and Novelty Co., 1000 Locust. (c)

MAN—Well educated, young, 25 years old; desires a position with reliable firm in St. Louis. Box 100, Post-Dispatch. (c)

THIMBLES—Need. Winter. Stamping Co., 1150 Locust. Between Main and Locust. (c)

MAN—To mercantile house; good steady work. Box 100, Post-Dispatch. (c)

TRUNK MAKERS—Herkert & Meissel, 1000 Locust. (c)

WAITERS—Two. Chin parlor, 4328 Delmar. (c)

WAITERS—Two, and helpers. Box N. 116. (c)

WOODWORKERS—To work farm wagon in winter or spring. Box 100, Post-Dispatch. (c)

WRECKERS—Two. 321 Lombard St. in the morning. (c)

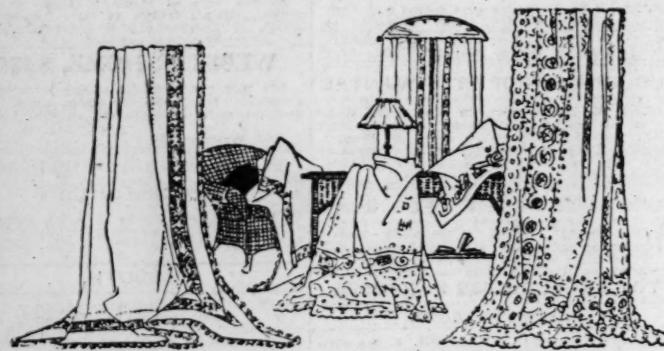
WYKERS—Christian. Boys. (c)



# WEDNESDAY-LACE CURTAIN & DRAPERY DAY

## In Famous-Barr Co.'s \$3,000,000 August Sales Campaign

The values offered clearly illustrate the purchasing power of our combined stores, and the manifold advantages that are yours by reason thereof. A series of masterly purchases brought us great quantities of very desirable drapings and curtains at discounts that permit Wednesday's surprising values.



### Real Handmade Lace Curtains

Imported Arabian, Duchess, Cluny, Art Filet, Antique French, Novelty and Marie Antoinette Curtains.

\$12.50 to \$13.95 kinds, pair, \$9.95  
\$15 to \$18.50 kinds, pair, \$11.95  
\$22.50 kinds, pair, \$18.50  
\$32.50 to \$35.00 kinds, per pair, \$23.95  
\$45.00 kinds, pair, \$33.34

### \$1.25 and \$1.50 Lace Curtains

Wednesday 89c for New designs, all colors, Brussels net, Scotch, Nottingham and novelty Curtains.

\$5 to \$6.95 Lace Curtains Wednesday 4.29 for Imported Irish Point, Saxony, Tambour, Brussels, Novelty and Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains; in new designs and various colors.

### \$2.00 and \$2.50 Lace Curtains

Wednesday \$1.25 at, Pair...

1 to 40 pairs of a pattern—some slightly irregular—French Guipure, art filet, Saxony, Marquisette, Scotch, Brussels net and novelty Lace Curtains; in white, ivory, ecru, beige and Arabian.

### \$7.50 to \$8.95 Lace Curtains

Wednesday, \$5.95 Pair,

Imported, handmade Cluny, Beige Point, Brussels, Arabian, Irish Point and Marie Antoinette Curtains—exquisite designs.

### 30c Cable Marquisette

Wednesday, 22c Yard,

38-inch, highly mercerized—white, ivory and Arabian colors.

### \$4 to \$5 Quaker Lace Curtains

Wednesday, \$2.69 Pair...

From 6 to 30 pairs of a kind—Saxony, Egyptian, Point D'Esprit, art filet, Brussels net, French cable net and novelties; some finished with lace edge—in white, ivory, ecru, beige and Arabian.

### Red Cedar Chests

Wednesday 1/4 Off

134 genuine Tennessee Red Cedar Chests in about fifty different designs, including various period patterns—bird's-eye maple, fumed oak, golden oak, mahogany and cedar finishes.

Prices range from \$8.00 to \$32.50. Discount deducted at time of purchase Wednesday.

### Panel Lace Curtains

Up to \$10.00 Qualities Wednesday, \$4.55 Each...

Handmade, imported Arabian and Marie Antoinette Curtains—heavy French cable net with large handmade centers, corners and insertions. Finished with wide lace edges. 1 to 15 curtains of a pattern.

### \$9.50 to \$11.50 Lace Curtains

Wednesday, \$7.45 Pair...

These are imported, handmade, Arabian, Irish Point, Point Milan, Brussels, Duchess, Renaissance and Marie Antoinette Curtains on French cable net and bobbinet, with wide lace edges, corners and insertions.



### Portieres and Window Draperies

Silk and mercerized tapestry, also madras Portieres and Window Draperies—new, plain colors, two-tone and combination effects.

\$3.75 qualities, pair, \$2.95  
\$5.50 qualities, pair, \$3.95  
\$6.50 to \$6.95 qualities, pair, \$5.50  
\$8.25 qualities, pair, \$6.95  
\$9.00 to \$9.75 qualities, pair, \$7.45  
\$13.95 qualities, pair, \$11.25

Fourth Floor

## Sample Fall Suits

That sale continues Wednesday, offering authentic new 1917 Fall Suits at much less than equal qualities must command later—two groups at

**\$22** and **\$15.75**

Third Floor

Basement Economy Store

Styles galore, plain tailored and novelties—large collars, quaint pockets, the newest materials and colors. Attend this sale Wednesday sure, as from present indications the entire lot will be disposed of by closing time tomorrow.



### Men's 79c to \$1.00 Union Suits

Wednesday 25c for...

Broken lots and discontinued numbers; light weight, ribbed cotton; various styles; some seconds. Sizes 34 and 36 only.

Main Floor

### Women's 50c Vests

Wednesday 35c for...

Sleeveless style, hand-creched, ruched, tapered neck and arms; white lisle, Swiss ribbed.

Main Floor

### Cut Glass

Odds and Ends of \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 Pieces

Wednesday 95c for...

184 pieces of cut glass, including Compotes, 6-inch Vases in various shapes, Bonbon Dishes, 6-inch Napkins, 10-inch Plateaux—rich, sparkling floral and combination cuttings. While they last, choose for 95c

Fifth Floor

### Infants' White Wooden Cribs

Originally \$5.00

Wednesday \$3.95 for...

White wicker, complete with springs, mounted on casters. Large size, measure 22x44.

Infants' \$4.50 White Wicker

Costumers, \$1.85

White wicker stand, mounted on wood base; 6 spindles.

Infants' \$2.95 Cribs, \$1.95

Bassinet-style, mahogany finish; mounted on casters.

Third Floor

### 85c Four-Yd-Wide Linoleum

Wednesday, square yard... 68c

Will cover a large room without a seam; three of the best standard makes, in hardwood, tile and floral patterns.

### \$1.25 Inlaid Linoleum

Cook's, Nairn's and Potter's makes, in patterns suitable for stores, offices, cafes, kitchens, etc.; Wednesday, square yard... 98c

Fourth Floor

### \$13.50 Dinner Sets

Wednesday \$8.98 for...

108 pieces, including bread and butter plates, white and gold band decoration on light, semi-porcelain ware. Very attractive.

\$9.00 48-Piece Dinner Sets... \$5.75

\$4.50 45-Piece Breakfast Sets... \$3.50

\$4.00 42-Piece Breakfast Sets... \$2.75

\$15.00 100-Piece Dinner Sets... \$11.50

Fifth Floor

### Laundry Needs

\$4.25 Wash Boilers... \$3.15

No. 8 heavy copper Wash Boilers, drop handles and tin cover; while 100 last.

\$1.45 No. 3 heavy galv.

iron Wash tubs... 98c

\$1.65 Clothes Hampers, round, with cover, \$1.24

\$3.25 6 1/2 lb. Electric

Irons, with plug and cord, \$2.49

\$1.25 Mrs. Potts' nickel-plated Sad Iron Sets... \$3.15

95c 6-ft. Ironing Boards, well seasoned wood... \$11.50

\$1.50 Water Motor Power Washing Machines... \$6.19

\$7.25 Bench Clothes Wringers, will hold two tubs... \$4.85

\$5.95 Clothes Wringers, iron frame... \$1.29

\$1.60 20-inches Clothes Baskets, wood bottom... \$1.20

70c Oval Wood Bottom Racine Clothes Baskets... \$1.20

Clothes Props, 8-ft long, seasoned wood... 10c

\$2.00 Curtain Stretchers, adjustable pins... \$1.41

\$5.25 No. 8 heavy cast iron Laundry Stoves... \$4.24

50c Galvanized iron Laundry Pails, 12 qt. size... 39c

29c 1/2 Gallon bottle household ammonia... 21c

Basement Gallery

10c

Editorial Page  
News Photographs  
Women's Features  
TUESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1917.

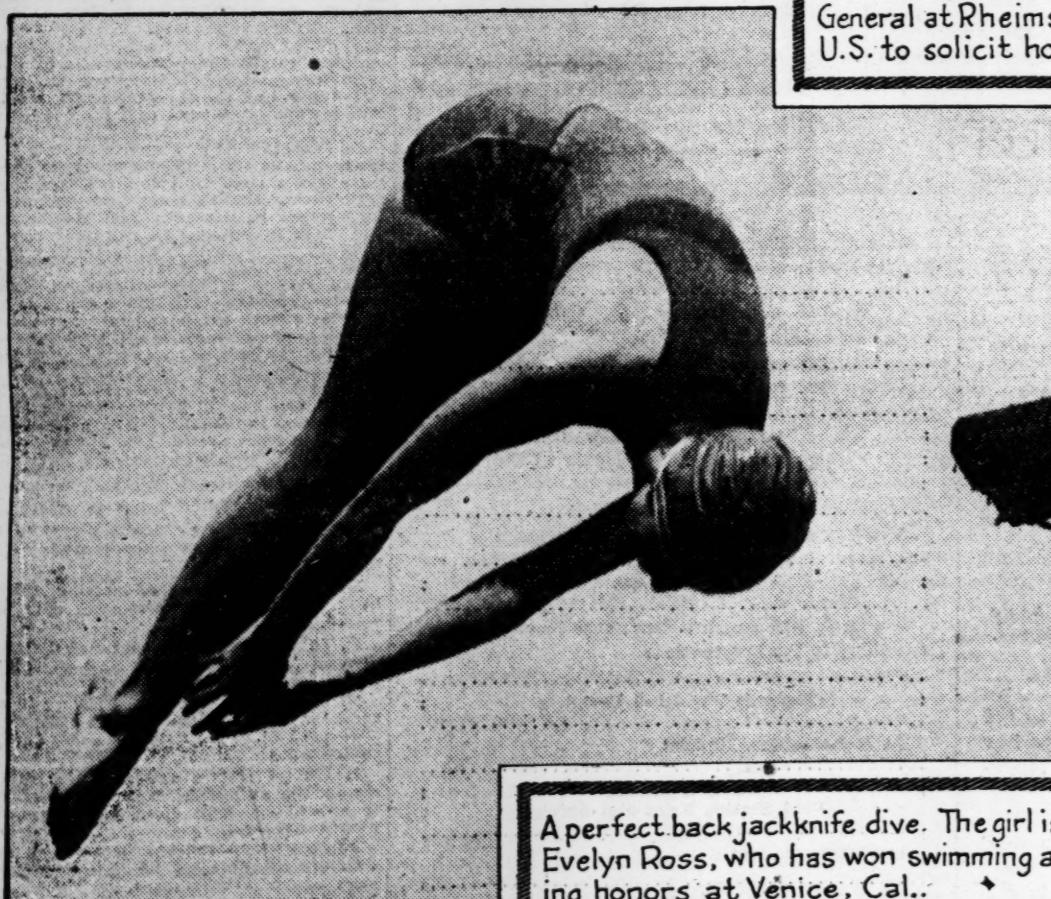
# ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

# DAILY MAGAZINE

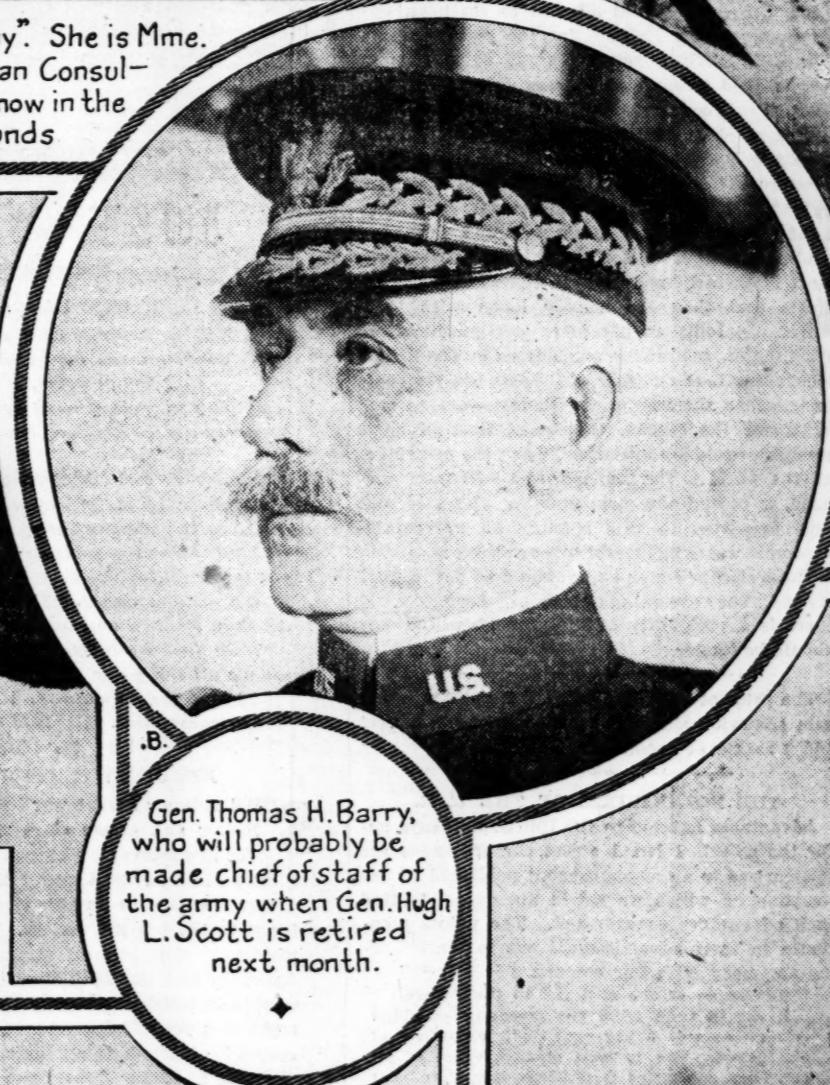
Popular Comics  
Sporting News  
Market Reports  
TUESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1917.



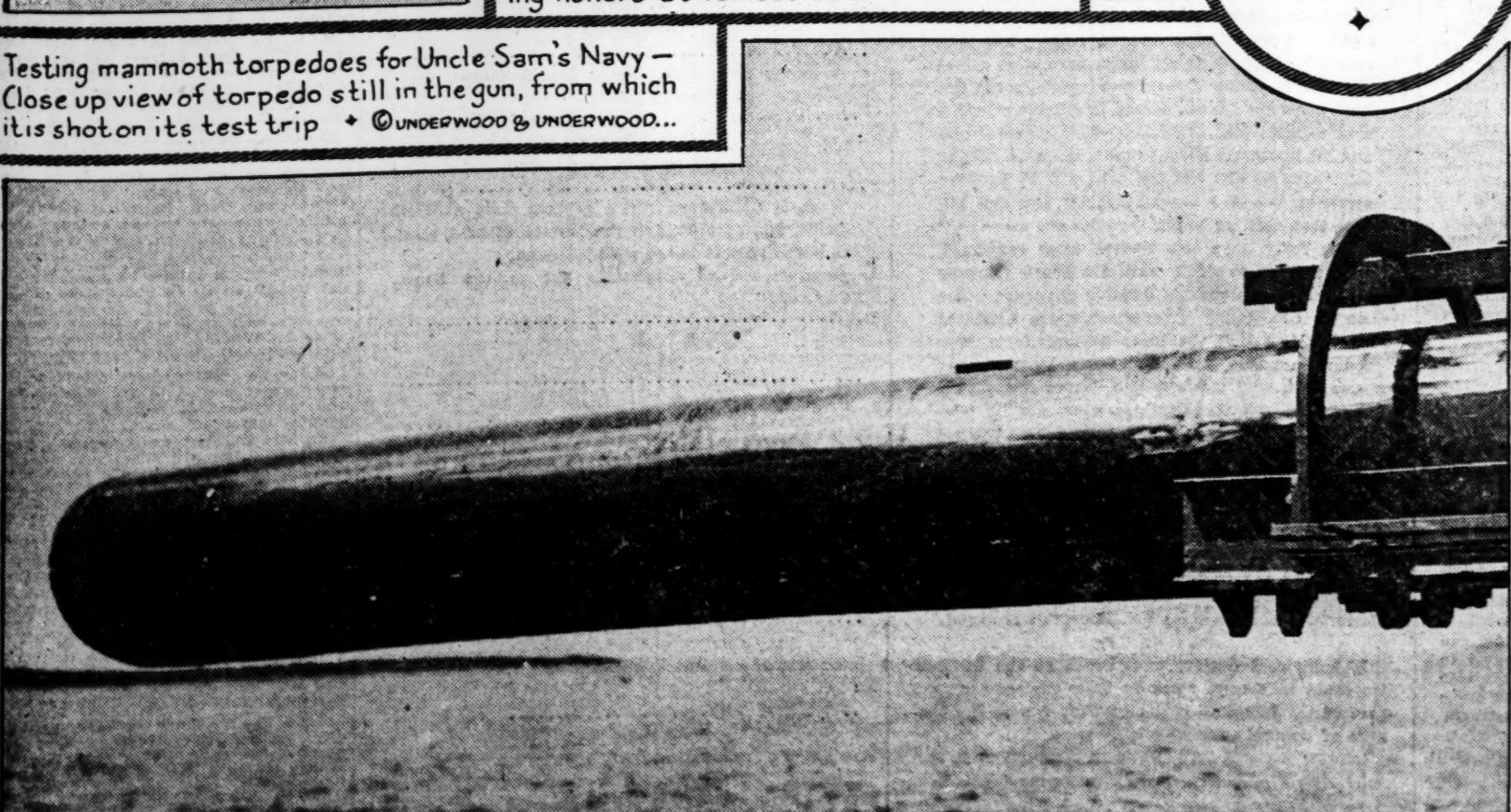
Viscount Kikijiro Ishii, head of the Japanese mission to the U.S. ♦ The "angel of the Italian army". She is Mme. Mazucchi, wife of the Italian Consul-General at Rheims. She is now in the U.S. to solicit hospital funds



A perfect back jackknife dive. The girl is Miss Evelyn Ross, who has won swimming and diving honors at Venice, Cal. ♦ ♦



Gen. Thomas H. Barry, who will probably be made chief of staff of the army when Gen. Hugh L. Scott is retired next month.



Testing mammoth torpedoes for Uncle Sam's Navy — Close up view of torpedo still in the gun, from which it is shot on its test trip. © UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD...



The Dolly twins, Yanci and Roszika, dancing on beams stretched across iron work on the roof of the Hotel McAlpin, New York. © UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

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## ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER  
Dec. 12, 1873.Published by the Pulitzer Publishing Co.  
Twelfth and Olive Streets.

## POST-DISPATCH CIRCULATION

Average for first six months, 1917: 362,858

Daily and Sunday, 195,985

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## THE POST-DISPATCH PLATFORM

I know that my retirement will  
make no difference in its cardinal  
principles, that it will always fight  
for progress and reform, never tolerate  
injustice or corruption, always fight  
demagogues of all parties, never belong to any party,  
always oppose privileged classes and  
public plunderers, never lack sympathy  
with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare,  
never be satisfied with merely  
printing news, always be drastically  
independent, never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory  
plutocracy or predatory poverty.JOSEPH PULITZER.  
April 10, 1907.

## LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

## THAT PICKETING NONSENSE.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.  
Every woman believes in the possession of "immortal substances." The anarchistic idea always appealed to me. As a child I hated myself being born a female child with so-called traditional limitations. Later in life one realizes limitations are only a simile meaning not to burn your finger or you will have a scar; not to fall on the point of the scissors of you will possibly have a glass eye. With apologies to President Wilson we are asking—has anyone thought it out?—what is the matter with the sex?

GOITER AND BOGUS TRUST DEEDS.

Certain forms of goiter are accompanied by extensive disturbances of the nervous system. If not entirely convincing, the claim that in the case of A. H. Frederick the disease resulted even in an impaired mentalism explaining his real estate swindles had at least a certain ingenious plausibility. His goiter trouble, however, did not assume a serious form until 1909, and the Sunday Post-Dispatch was enabled to present facts showing that as early as 1905 he was already engaged in the criminal practices that led belatedly to his imprisonment. He sold to Mrs. Elizabeth Barker of University City an invalid deed of trust in that year for \$3000.

Frauds by means of forged real estate instruments have reached alarming proportions in St. Louis. There is much in the appeal that a mistaken leniency to Frederick, the most daring of all the swindlers, should not be permitted to neutralize the wholesome deterrent influence of his sentence and thus encourage further frauds.

Something other than goiter prompted what Frederick did. The effort for a parole at this early date should now be abandoned.

The price of pork is advancing probably because the corn and fodder crop this year is one of the greatest in the history of the country and the hogs are dying young from overeating.

## MR. FLESH'S ANSWER.

Edward M. Flesh of St. Louis has given a fine answer to the attempt of the Senator Reeds of the country to impugn the motives of the patriotic men to whom the Government has entrusted food control for the war. Having sold out his interest and given up his grain commission company in order to be free to do his duty, he thus puts it:

I have told my friends who have asked me how I could afford to sacrifice my business and income and work during the period of the war without injury, that I had no sons to give the United States in the war, and that the sacrifice I am making is not hair's breadth of that of the man or boy who goes to the trenches for actual fighting.

The country is fortunate that it has innumerable such Americans to give the lie to the insidious propaganda-makers who would persuade the people that the business men of the country are helping the country in the war for despicable purposes.

The men who took the course at Fort Riley traded from ten to fifteen pounds of fat each for clear eyes, active brains and robust physiques, besides doing their "bit" for America.

## WHAT OF BULGARIA?

The Bulgarian Premier's somewhat passionate insistence that his country has the solemn promise of its allies to retain its war conquests scarcely leaves the impression that he is any too sure about it himself. He doth protest too much.

All the recent German and Austrian talk of a peace without annexations and indemnities must be anything but encouraging to the Bulgarians. They are too well acquainted with their powerful neighbors not to realize that, if a scapegoat shall be needed, they would not hesitate to nominate Bulgaria or Turkey or both for the office. Nor do recent intimations that Austria and Germany are dissatisfied with Bulgaria's attitude towards the war offer any reassurance.

Even the most favorable peace that the Central Powers can expect must insure the rehabilitation of Greece, Serbia and Rumania. Whether Austria can save Trieste and the Trentino is problematical. If she is forced to give them up, she will undoubtedly seek compensation elsewhere and where else if not in the Balkans, where Bulgaria fondly dreams of a hegemony?

American women are the true daughters of their fathers, patriotic, loyal. They forget themselves when they storm the premises of the White House. They have only to practice for a while longer that brave and forbearing dignity of mien and word which is characteristic of the brain of every nation and not forgetting the many who inherit a stoical aspect of things as they are from American Indian ancestry. It is important now to help bind the bleeding arteries of the unfinished grouch wait—and in waiting to adjust itself to the new order which will now give every woman a chance to show her brotherly heart and will shoulder her responsibility to the world—even if that way leads to oiling engines, driving an airplane or dying in a trench.

The President has been patient and forbearing. He respects and honors women. And he knows that when they are obsessed with an idea they ride hysterical broomsticks over the moon. But it is time now to face the facts. Why is it?

It is inborn anarchistic getting its innings, it is pure delirious, it is disloyalty or ignorance? Let all cool-headed suffragists see to it this nonsense stops.

MRS. JOSIE ABBOTT HOLMES.

## THE PACIFIST NUISANCE.

Thanks to democracy's liberal interpretation of the right of free speech, a public meeting is to be held in St. Louis tonight to inveigh against the operation of the selective draft and advocate a premature and cowardly peace.

If the principles against which our country has invoked the draft prevailed in the United States as they do in the autocracies of Middle Europe, the speakers would be court-martialed and shot or, at least, sent to prison for long terms at hard labor.

Inasmuch, however, as they live in a land which is willing to go to war that individual rights, including that of free speech, may not perish, they can protest to their hearts' content against the only means whereby success in the struggle can be insured.

However misled they may be, many of those present no doubt will be sincere in motive. But shoulder to shoulder with them at the meeting will be men who are disloyal at heart to our country, men who hope that the war will result in a triumph for the avowed enemies of America, men who are more German in sympathy than American, men who would stoop to any chicanery that might paralyze the national will for victory and scatter disorder and dismay among our people at a time when there should be unity of purpose and confidence.

Doubtless there will not be lacking all the bumbling and pacific twaddle which have characterized such movements. The public will be told that this is a war promoted by the capitalists of the country, by a tyrannical national Government, by a venal press, and that it has been bought with British gold. It makes no difference that not one of these assertions has any foundation in truth and that every one of them has been refuted time and time again by facts that would convince the most exacting intelligence.

It makes no difference that the country will spend more dollars and cents than it could get in return through the uttermost triumph, that war was not declared by the national administration but by the legally chosen representatives of the people, that it was dictated by every principle of right and justice for which the American republic stands and that it has the support of an overwhelming majority of the people.

Happily the moral fiber of the American people is too tough and its mental processes too certain and direct for such a gathering to be dangerous. It is not a menace; it is only a nuisance.

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SEVENTY-SIX SLACKER DUTCH SHIPS.

The Government will attempt to reach an understanding with Holland for the restoration to the world's ocean carrying trade of the Dutch vessels, said to number 76, now detained in the ports of this country.

Most of them are in upper New York harbor. With the Dutch flag painted on their bows and "Rotterdam" or other Dutch port of call inscribed in huge letters on their sides, they form a continuous line of idle ships in the river, extending almost from Yonkers to the Battery Park, most of them lying so low in the water as to indicate that they are heavily laden with food-stuffs.

Inability to obtain export permits from Washington, too drastic restrictions by the British blockading fleet and fear of U-boats are variously assigned as the reason for their failure to sail. Whatever the reason, this great fleet of ships swinging uselessly at anchor, when the demand of all the world is for tonnage, and still more tonnage, is one of the most striking object lessons now presented in this country on preventable economic waste incidental to war.

These slacker Dutch ships should be put to work at once. They are doing nobody any good now. If there is a possibility of utilizing them the way should be found.

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clared tomorrow it is extremely doubtful that it would confirm her in her new holdings, because, if there is anything that Germany and Austria do not want, it is a strong, independent Power in the Balkans.

It would not be surprising if the Teutonic allies were already through with Bulgaria on any other terms than those of an overlord to a compliant vassal. She has about fulfilled her military function and her constant demands for greater subsidies in cash must be wearying to the harassed German treasury. Her refusal to break diplomatic relations with America is an increasing cause of irritation at Potsdam. Bulgaria has not earned sympathy from either side.

THE DANIELS-THOMPSON ROW.

The personnel of the Hungarian Cabinet has again been changed. Pretty soon the dual monarchy will have to give portfolios to Russian prisoners in order to get new faces at the council table.

THE DANIELS-THOMPSON ROW.

Col. Thompson ought to resign from the head of the Navy League. He is standing in the way of the usefulness of many thousands of loyal Americans who are trying to serve the nation and add to the comfort of the men in the navy.

The usefulness of the Navy League depends wholly upon harmonious co-operation with the navy. Col. Thompson cannot co-operate with Mr. Daniels, the head of the navy, and therefore should step out. If Col. Thompson wants to fight Mr. Daniels he should do his fighting outside of the League, where his hostile activities will not paralyze the efforts of the members who are trying to serve the nation without regard to personalities. So far, Col. Thompson has not offered any specific facts in support of his charge that Mr. Daniels is unfit to be Secretary of the Navy. Let him submit his facts.

On the other hand, Mr. Daniels should not let his personal differences with Col. Thompson lead him to paralyze activities of patriotic Americans in behalf of the navy. The Navy League has been useful to the navy.

We know its valuable work here has been duplicated elsewhere. The navy is bigger than Col. Thompson, Mr. Daniels or any man connected with either the navy or the League. No personal controversy should be permitted to interfere with the navy's welfare or the people's work for it.

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# Tennis Players Hope to Make \$100,000 Net Profits for the Ambulance Fund

## REVIVING BROWNS HAMMER WAY OUT OF CELLAR BERTH

Complete Restoration of Hospital Squad, Except Austin, Helps Club's Showings.

### TEAM HITTING BETTER

Koob's Recovery and Three Successive Victories Justify Jones' Faith.

To the fact that the Browns are awaiting at the justly celebrated psychological moment may be attributed the fact that they have won their last three starts and have evacuated the American League cellar. For instance:

Saturday they beat New York, 7 to 1, getting 13 hits, thus setting up a scoring average of one run on less than two hits, a mark sufficiently close to it almost obviate wastage of safeties.

Sunday they again tamed the Yanks, 4 to 1, and in so doing six of their 10 hits figured in the scoring, leaving but four which traveled the path of a spendthrift's coin.

In yesterday's game, which the erstwhile Enigmas bagged from the Senators, 4 to 1, they made nine hits. Seven of these safeties produced the quartet of runs which is just about as good as may be expected of any team, be it first or last.

### Pitchers at Last Make Good.

More in the light of encouragement may be derived from these three victories than the striking fact that the hitting is improving, for it is the case that days have not been forced to attain the hook to a pitcher, this matter of record being decidedly unusual. Davenport survived nine innings Saturday, Sothoron accomplished the same Sunday and Koob shopped merrily along the full distance yesterday.

Now that it is a profound breach of etiquette to say nothing of a gross misrepresentation of facts, to refer to the aspiring Browns as "the cellar-dwelling Enigmas" is not to note that Jones' unshakable faith in his team appears justified. In seventh place, which however lowly, is above the notch below, this "best" cellar team the A. L. never looked at" may cause more than passing trouble; are another chapter in baseball history is inscribed.

### Koob's Recovery Complete.

Ernie Koob turned in a neat game yesterday and richly deserved the victory that was his. The atomic southpaw extricated himself from several threatening positions, his five bases on balls, giving a solid, safe or less difficult score. Aside from the second in which the Senators counted their only run, the common enemy was within range of the first-line trenches on three occasions, only to be beaten back by dint of good pitching and superlative fielding.

### Shotton on His Stride.

Bert Shotton yesterday looked the part he used to be, viz: the best lead-off man in the league. He beat out two infield hits and stole second and third on separate occasions.

### Two Unusual Double Plays.

Three double plays, two of which were rather unusual, aided materially in assisting Koob to avoid the shoals. In the third, with Horace Milan on first via a single, Shanks raised a high fly to Jackson, who doubled over first. Queen left. The other twin killing occurred in the sixth, when Shanks was nailed in a run-up after a bunt from Rice, the latter taking too much liberty with Lavan's arm and consequently being erased at first.

### McGill Here After Players.

Hearing of Joe Tinker's success in obtaining surplus Browns, James W. McGill, owner of the Indianapolis (American Association) club, paid a visit to Sportsman's Park yesterday in an effort to snare some talent. He was disappointed. Questioned concerning the rumor that he was to purchase the Pittsburgh club in the National League, McGill said:

"I was sitting in the office one day when the telephone bell rang. It was a reporter, and he said: 'Jim, I hear you are going to buy the Pittsburgh club.'"

### "Am I?" I replied. That's what the report started. I'm not the club and it hasn't been offered me."

The Hoosier magnate accompanied Russell E. Gardner on a hunting trip, the pair leaving yesterday.

### Harper vs. Rogers Today.

When the Browns play their second game of the series with the Senators today, it looks like Harper for the Griffins, while youngster Rogers is down to hurl for Jones.

### GRIFFITH GETS \$741.37 FROM FANS IN CHICAGO

CHICAGO, Aug. 21.—Chicago baseball patrons contributed \$741.37 to the ball and bat fund which Clark Griffith, manager of the Washington Americans, is raising for United States soldiers. This represents money, placed in more than 2800 envelopes and turned in after the game Sunday at the White Sox park.

### THREE RICH STAKES ON CIRCUIT PROGRAM TODAY

PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—Three events, the Hotel Adelphi Stake of \$1000 for 2000 sprints, the \$1000 for 2000 sprints and the \$2000 for 2000 sprints, were the first three events of the Grand Circuit program at Narberth today. Twelve horses, including several of the fastest pacers in the country, were entered in the Hotel Adelphi stake, the feature event of the day. In the 2000 sprints there were 10 entries, while 20 trotters were named to start in the trot for a purse of \$1000.

On the Grand Circuit program at Narberth today, twelve horses, including several of the fastest pacers in the country, were entered in the Hotel Adelphi stake, the feature event of the day. In the 2000 sprints there were 10 entries, while 20 trotters were named to start in the trot for a purse of \$1000.

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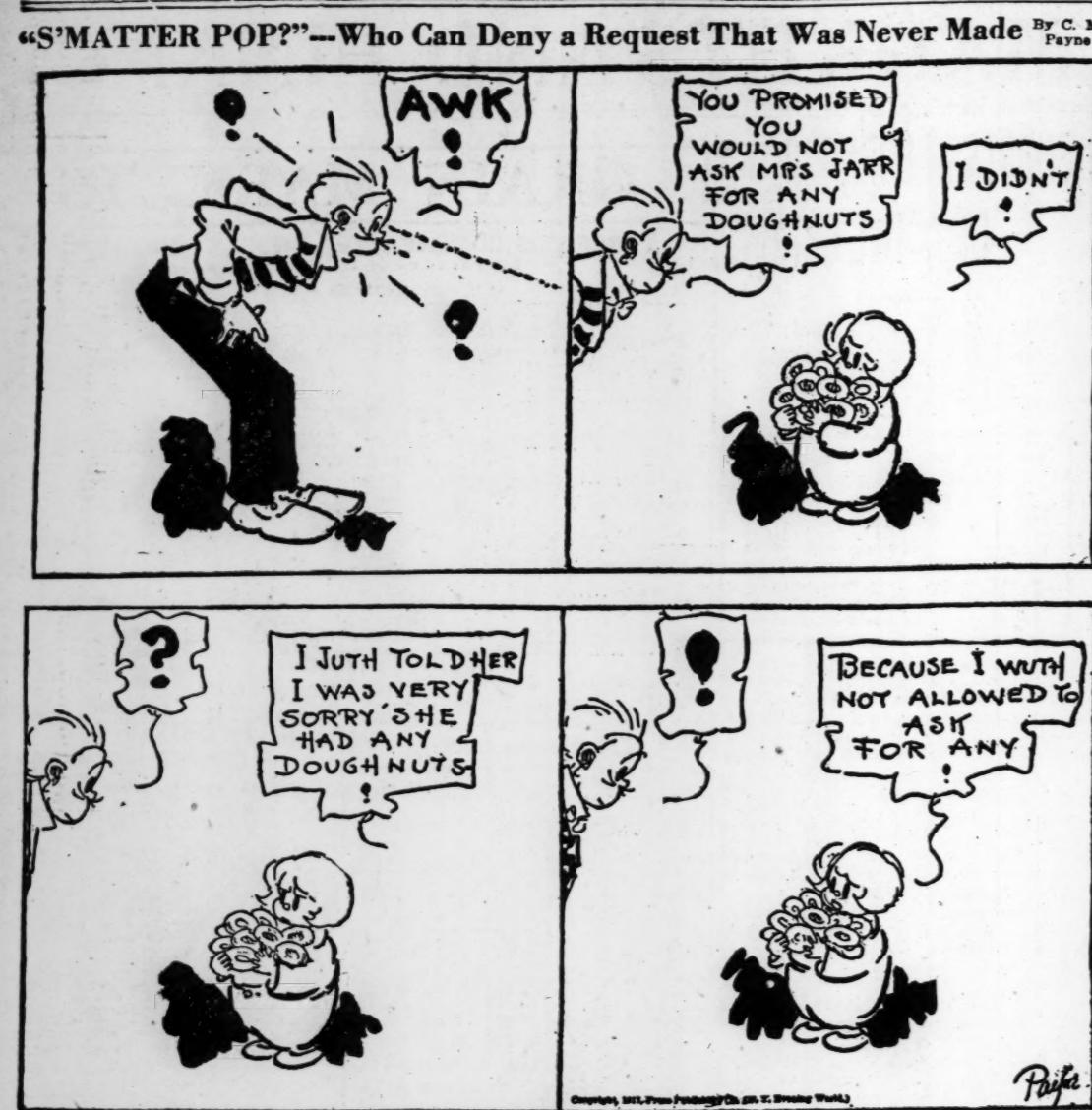
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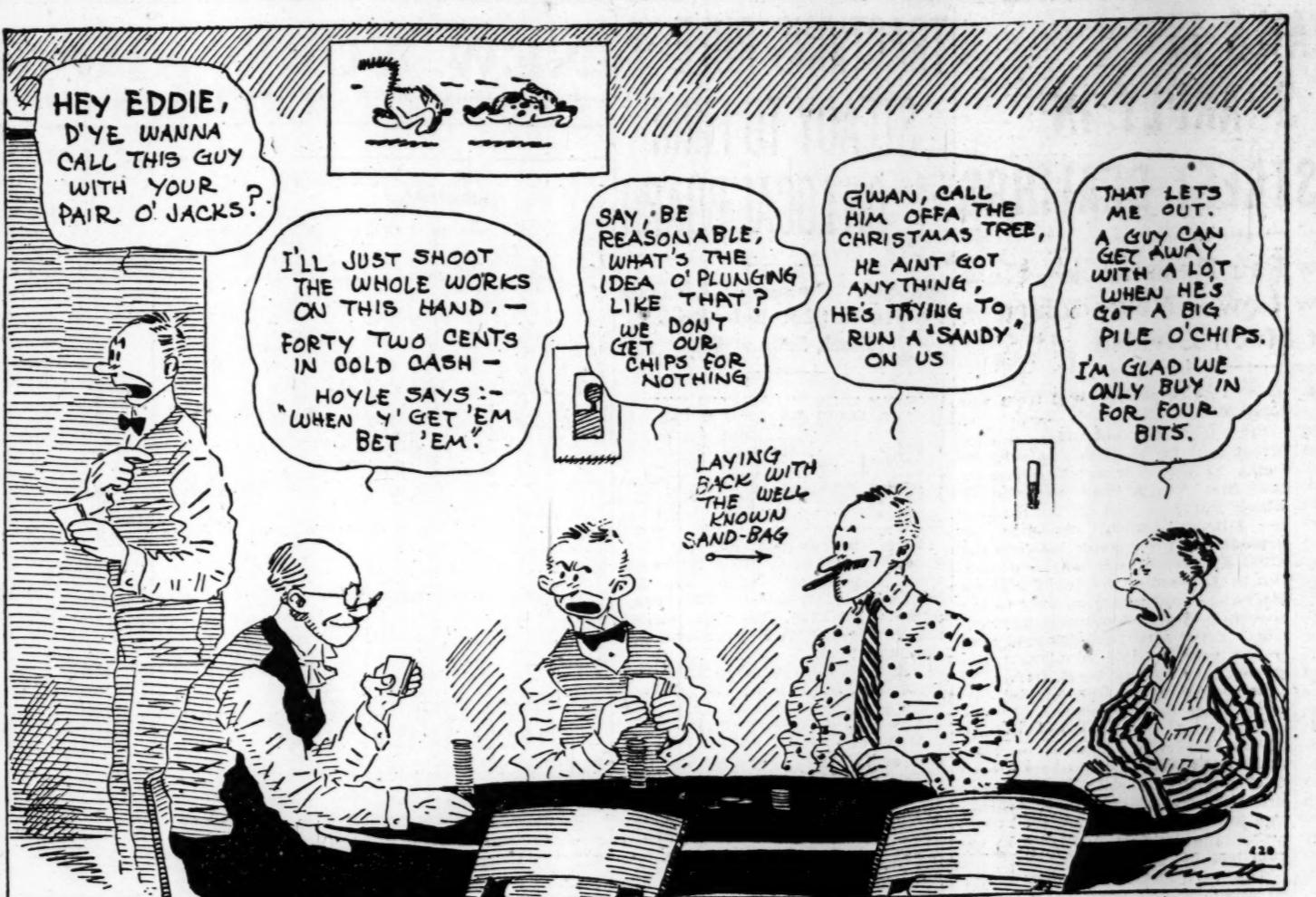
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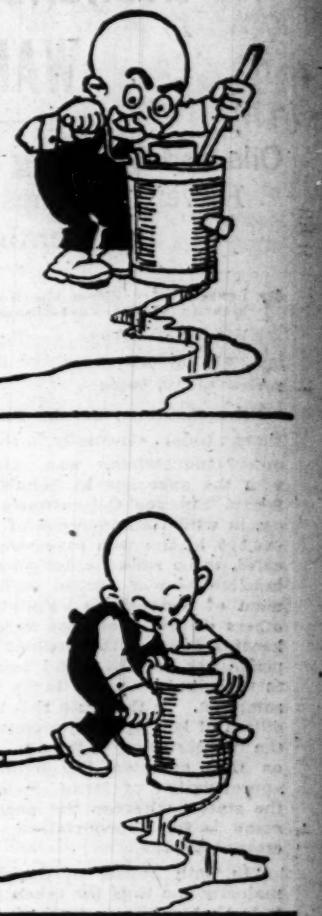


## PENNY ANTE TABLE STAKES \* BY JEAN KNOTT



## GRINDSTONE GEORGE

There's No Ice Cream in George's Home Today.



## MUTT &amp; JEFF REDUCED HIS LIABILITIES \$5 AND MUTT NICKED HIS ASSETS LIKEWISE FIVE BUCKS--BY BUD FISHER



(Copyright, 1917, by H. C. Fisher. Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.)

## SPEAKING OF HEROES, HOW ABOUT THE SODA CLERK--BY GOLDBERG



## I NEVER THOUGHT OF THAT



## The Difference.

W. L. George, said the president of the company to old George, "How goes it?" "Fair to middlin', sir," George answered. And he continued to carry on a bay horse.

"Me an' this here hoss," George said, suddenly, "has worked for your firm 16 year."

"Well, well," said the president, thinking a little guilty of George's salary. "And I suppose you are both pretty highly valued, George, eh?"

"H'm," said George, "the both of us was took sick last week, and they got a doctor for the hoss, but they just docked my pay."

## Boiled Clothesline.

PATIENCE: A new clothesline, if boiled for a short time, will become tougher, will last longer and will not tangle.

Patience: But isn't there danger of mistaking for that mess of spaghetti?

## True.

IN these days of the high cost of living the following story is not without a decided point:

The teacher of a primary class was trying to show the children the difference between the natural and man-made wonders and was finding it hard.

"What," she asked, "do you think is the most wonderful thing man ever made?"

A little girl, whose parents were obviously harassed by the question of ways and means, replied as solemnly as the proverbial Judge:

"A living for a family."

## Enjoyment of the Library.

CURCH: It is said there are at least five libraries in the world which contain more than 1,000,000 volumes each.

Gotham: And yet a man couldn't enjoy a smoke in one of these more than he does in one with only 100 volumes in it."

## Proving It.

FATHER sat in his study one afternoon writing out a speech, when his son called shrilly from the garden: "Dad! Look out of the window!"

"What a nuisance children are at times!" grumbled the parent, as he put down his pen and advanced to the window. With a half smile he raised the sash and stuck forth his head. "Well, Harry, what is it?" he asked.

"What," she asked, "do you think is the most wonderful thing man ever made?"

A little girl, whose parents were obviously harassed by the question of ways and means, replied as solemnly as the proverbial Judge:

"A living for a family."

## No Change.

ACON: I see electricity has been adapted to 48 different purposes about a household.

Ebert: And yet the baby is being spanked in the same old-fashioned way.

## LET THE WEDDING BELLS RING OUT



Phone Y Post-Dis  
Call 664 ad. with  
13,888 sec.  
365 more newspaper  
VOL. 70. M

PRESIDENT  
TO FIX S  
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